VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI B.E. in Information Science and Engineering Scheme of Teaching and Examinations2021 Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

				(Effectiv	e from the acaden	nic year 2	2021 - 2	22)						
III SE	MESTER				_	Teaching	Hours /	Week			Exam	ination		
SI. No	Course an Course Coo			Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	T Theory Lecture	H Tutorial	۳ Practical/ Drawing	い Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	BSC 21MAT31			orm Calculus, Fourier Series umerical Techniques	Maths	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS32			tructures and Applications		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS33		Analo	g and Digital Electronics	Any CS Board	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC 21CS34		Comp Archit	uter Organization and ecture	Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL35		-	t Oriented Programming with aboratory	-	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	UHV 21UH36		Social	Connect and Responsibility	Any Department	0	0	1		01	50	50	100	1
7	HSMC 21KSK37/4 HSMC 21KBK37/4			e Kannada • Kannada • OR	TD and PSB: HSMC	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21CIP37/4	7		tution of India and sional Ethics	-									
8	AEC 21CS38X/2 CSL38X		Ability	Enhancement Course - III	TD: Concerned department PSB: Concerned	1 If offe	0 ered as	eory Co 0 lab. cour		01	50	50	100	1
					Board	0	0	2		Total	400	400	800	18
	for s		1DC NS83	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS	All students have to register for any one of the course namely National Service Scheme, Physical Education (PE)(Sports and Athletics) and Yoga with the concerned coordinator of the course								
9	activities for semesters		1DC PE83	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PE	during the first week of III semester. The activities shall be out from (for 5 semesters) between III semester to VIII se SEE in the above courses shall be conducted during VIII se					VIII seme VIII seme	ester. ester		
	Scheduled a		1DC (083	Yoga	Yoga	examinations and the accumulated CIE marks shall be added SEE marks. Successful completion of the registered co mandatory for the award of the degree. The events shall be appropriately scheduled by the colleges a same shall be reflected in the colander prepared for the NSS, Yoga activities.				red cours	se is d the			
	1	С	ourse	prescribed to lateral entry D	Diploma holders ac	-		mester	B.E./	3.Tech	program	ns		
1	NCMC 21MATDIP	31		Additional Mathematics - I	Maths	02	02				100		100	0
Socia L –Le Teac 21KS	al Science & ecture, T – ⁻ ching Depart	Man Tutor ment nskru	ageme rial, P- t, PSB : ıtika Ka	burse, IPCC: Integrated Professi nt Courses, AEC –Ability Enhance Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Stu Paper Setting department Innada is for students who spea	ement Courses. UHV dy Component, CIE:	': Universa Continuo	il Humai us Inter	n Value (nal Evali	Course	. SEE: Se	emester	End Exa	amination	. TD-
l nte can l by C SEE	grated Profe be 04 and it IE and SEE.	e ssio s Tea The p	nal Cor aching- practica	e Course (IPCC): Refers to Profe Learning hours (L : T : P) can be I part shall be evaluated by only ore details, the regulation gove	e considered as (3 : (y CIE (no SEE). Howe	0 : 2) or (2 ever, ques	: 2 : 2). tions fr	The the	ory pa practic	irt of the al part o	e IPCC sl of IPCC s	hall be e hall be i	valuated ncluded in	both n the

21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship: All the students admitted to engineering programs under the lateral entry category shall have to undergo a mandatory 21INT49 Inter/Intra Institutional Internship of 03 weeks during the intervening period of III and IV semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the IV semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements. The faculty coordinator or mentor shall monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them for the successful completion of the internship.

Non-credit mandatory courses (NCMC):

(A) Additional Mathematics I and II:

(1) These courses are prescribed for III and IV semesters respectively to lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., programs. They shall attend the classes during the respective semesters to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.

(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

(3) Successful completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics I and II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(B) National Service Scheme/Physical Education (Sport and Athletics)/ Yoga:

(1) Securing 40 % or more in CIE,35 % or more marks in SEE and 40 % or more in the sum total of CIE + SEE leads to successful completion of the registered course.

(2) In case, students fail to secure 35 % marks in SEE, they have to appear for SEE during the subsequent examinations conducted by the University.

(3) In case, any student fails to register for NSS, PE or Yoga/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have not completed the requirements of the course. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks.

(4) Successful completion of the course shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the course shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(5) These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

Ability Enhancement Course - III						
21CSL381	Mastering Office	21CS383				
21CS382	C++ Programming	21CS384				

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IV SE	MESTER	T		-								1
				Теа	aching	Hours /W	/eek		Exam	ination		
SI. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
				L	т	Р	S					
1	BSC 21CS41	Mathematical Foundations for Computing	Maths	2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS42	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	_	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC 21CS43	Microcontroller and Embedded System	Any CS Board Department	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC 21CS44	Operating System		2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	AEC 21BE45	Biology For Engineers	BT, CHE, PHY	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
6	PCC 21CSL46	Python Programming Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21KSK37/47	Samskrutika Kannada										
7	HSMC 21KBK37/47	Balake Kannada	HSMC	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
	HSMC 21CIP37/47	OR Constitution of India & Professional Ethics	_									
	AEC		TD and PSB: Concerned				01					
8	21CS48X/21C S48LX	Ability Enhancement Course- IV	department	1 0 0 If offered as lab. course 0 0 2		02	- 50	50	100	1		
9	UHV 21UH49	Universal Human Values	Any Department	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
10	INT 21INT49	Inter/Intra Institutional Internship	Evaluation By the appropriate authorities	Completed during the intervening period of II and III semesters by students admitted to first year of BE./B.Tech and during the intervening period of III and IV semesters by Lateral entry students admitted to III semester.		3	100		100	2		
								Total	550	450	1000	22
	Сон	urse prescribed to lateral entry Diplo	ma holders adm	itted to	III se	mester	of Engi	neering	g progra	ms		
1	NCMC 21MATDIP41	Additional Mathematics - II	Maths	02	02				100		100	0
HSM L –Le	IC: Humanity and ecture, T – Tutoria	ence Course, IPCC: Integrated Professior Social Science and Management Courses al, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Co tika Kannada is for students who speak, r	, UHV- Universal Hi mponent, CIE: Con	uman Va tinuous	alue Co Intern	ourses. al Evalua	ation, SE	E: Seme	ster End	Examina	tion.	
	ing, and writing s		eau anu write Kah	naua ah	u ZIKI	5K3//4/	Baiake	rannada	i is ior h	on-kanna	aua spea	KIN
		al Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professio	onal Theory Core C	ourse In	tegrat	ed with	Practica	l's of the	e same c	ourse. C	redit for	IPC

can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

Non – credit mandatory course (NCMC):

Additional Mathematics - II:

(1) Lateral entry Diploma holders admitted to III semester of B.E./B.Tech., shall attend the classes during the IV semester to complete all the formalities of the course and appear for the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE). In case, any student fails to register for the said course/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have secured an F grade. In such a case, the student has to fulfil the course requirements during subsequent semester/s to earn the qualifying CIE marks. These courses are slated for CIE only and has no SEE.

(2) Additional Mathematics I and II shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

(3) Successful completion of the course Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the courses Additional Mathematics II shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

Ability Enhancement Course - IV						
21CSL481	Web Programming	21CSL483	R Programming			
21CS482	Unix Shell Programming	21CS484				

Internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters; 21INT68 Innovation/ Entrepreneurship/ Societal based Internship.

(1) All the students shall have to undergo a mandatory internship of 04 weeks during the intervening period of IV and V semesters. The internship shall be slated for CIE only and will not have SEE. The letter grade earned through CIE shall be included in the VI semester grade card. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for vertical progression and for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up / complete the internship shall be considered under F (fail) grade and shall have to complete during subsequently after satisfying the internship requirements.

(2) Innovation/ Entrepreneurship Internship shall be carried out at industry, State and Central Government /Non-government organizations (NGOs), micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME), Innovation centers or Incubation centers. Innovation need not be a single major breakthrough; it can also be a series of small or incremental changes. Innovation of any kind can also happen outside of the business world.

Entrepreneurship internships offers a chance to gain hands on experience in the world of entrepreneurship and helps to learn what it takes to run a small entrepreneurial business by performing intern duties with an established company. This experience can then be applied to future business endeavours. Start-ups and small companies are a preferred place to learn the business tack ticks for future entrepreneurs as learning how a small business operates will serve the intern well when he/she manages his/her own company. Entrepreneurship acts as a catalyst to open the minds to creativity and innovation. Entrepreneurship internship can be from several sectors, including technology, small and medium-sized, and the service sector.

(3) Societal or social internship.

Urbanization is increasing on a global scale; and yet, half the world's population still resides in rural areas and is devoid of many things that urban population enjoy. Rural internship, is a work-based activity in which students will have a chance to solve/reduce the problems of the rural place for better living.

As proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, activities under Societal or social internship, particularly in rural areas, shall be considered for 40 points under AICTE activity point programme.

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			-	Teachir	ng Hours	/Week			Exami	nation		
SI. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			ă	L	т	Р	S				-	
1	BSC 21CS51	Automata Theory and compiler Design		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS52	Computer Networks		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC 21CS53	Database Management Systems	Any CS Board Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
4	PCC 21CS54	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL55	Database Management Systems Laboratory with Mini Project		0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	AEC 21XX56	Research Methodology & Intellectual Property Rights	TD: Any Department PSB: As identified by university	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
7	HSMC 21CIV57	Environmental Studies	TD: Civil/ Environmental /Chemistry/ Biotech. PSB: Civil Engg	1	0	0		1	50	50	100	1
	AEC			If offe	ered as T	Theory co	ourses	01				
8	AEC 21CS58X/21		Concerned	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
õ	CSL58X	Ability Enhancement Course-V	Board	If of	fered as	s lab. cou	irses	02	50	50	100	1
	CSLSON			0	0	2		02				
								Total	400	400	800	18
		Ab	ility Enhancemen		e - IV							
		JS and Node JS		CS583								
2105	5582 C# and .	Net Framework	21	CS584								

Note: BSC: Basic Science Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, AEC – Ability Enhancement Course INT – Internship, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). Theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

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			~	Teaching	Hours	/Week			Exami	nation		l
SI. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
			Δ	L	Т	Р	s	_				
1	HSMC 21CS61	Software Engineering and Project Management		2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS62	Fullstack Development	Any CS Board	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC 21IS63	Software Testing	Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
4	PEC 21XX64x	Professional Elective Course-I		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	OEC 21XX65x	Open Elective Course-I	Concerned Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
6	PCC 21ISL66	Software Testing Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
7	MP 21ISMP67	Mini Project		Two contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.					100		100	2
8	INT 21INT68	Innovation/Entrepreneurship /Societal Internship	Completed durin and V semesters	ng the intervening period of IV			of IV		100		100	3
								Total	500	300	800	22

Professional Elective - I							
21CS641	Agile Technology	21IS643	Data Mining and Data warehousing				
21CS642	Advanced JAVA Programming	21CS644	Data science and Visualization				

Open Electives – I offered by the Department to other Department students							
21CS651	Introduction to Data Structures	21CS653	Introduction to Cyber Security				
21CS652	Introduction to Database Management Systems	21CS654	Programming in JAVA				

Note: HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, PEC: Professional Elective Courses, OEC–Open Elective Course, MP – Mini Project, INT – Internship.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P - Practical / Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC): Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech) 2021-22 may be referred.

Professional Elective Courses (PEC):

A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course out of five courses. The minimum students' strength for offering professional electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

Open Elective Courses:

Students belonging to a particular stream of Engineering and Technology are not entitled for the open electives offered by their parent Department. However, they can opt an elective offered by other Departments, provided they satisfy the prerequisite condition if any. Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of the Program Coordinator/ Advisor/Mentor.

Selection of an open elective shall not be allowed if,

(i) The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the program.

(ii) The syllabus content of open electives is similar to that of the Departmental core courses or professional electives.

(iii) A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the program.

In case, any college is desirous of offering a course (not included in the Open Elective List of the University) from streams such as Law, Business (MBA), Medicine, Arts, Commerce, etc., can seek permission, at least one month before the commencement of the semester, from the University by

submitting a copy of the syllabus along with the details of expertise available to teach the same in the college.

The minimum students' strength for offering open electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

Mini-project work: Mini Project is a laboratory-oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by the development of small systems/applications.

Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.

CIE procedure for Mini-project:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two faculty members of the Department, one of them being the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio of 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the project. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates. No SEE component for Mini-Project.

VII semester Classwork and Research Internship /Industry Internship (21INT82)

Swapping Facility

Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/ industry internship after the VI semester.

(2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the program.

Elucidation:

At the beginning of IV year of the programme i.e., after VI semester, VII semester classwork and VIII semester Research Internship /Industrial Internship shall be permitted to be operated simultaneously by the University so that students have ample opportunity for internship. In other words, a good percentage of the class shall attend VII semester classwork and similar percentage of others shall attend to Research Internship or Industrial Internship.

Research/Industrial Internship shall be carried out at an Industry, NGO, MSME, Innovation centre, Incubation centre, Start-up, Centers of Excellence (CoE), Study Centre established in the parent institute and /or at reputed research organizations / institutes. The internship can also be rural internship.

The mandatory Research internship /Industry internship is for 24 weeks. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

INT21INT82 Research Internship/ Industry Internship/Rural Internship

Research internship: A research internship is intended to offer the flavour of current research going on in the research field. It helps students get familiarized with the field and imparts the skill required for carrying out research.

Industry internship: Is an extended period of work experience undertaken by students to supplement their degree for professional development. It also helps them learn to overcome unexpected obstacles and successfully navigate organizations, perspectives, and cultures. Dealing with contingencies helps students recognize, appreciate, and adapt to organizational realities by tempering their knowledge with practical constraints.

Rural internship: A long-term goal, as proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, shall be counted as rural internship activity.

The student can take up Interdisciplinary Research Internship or Industry Internship.

The faculty coordinator or mentor has to monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them to guide for the successful completion of the internship.

The students are permitted to carry out the internship anywhere in India or abroad. University shall not bear any expenses incurred in respect of internship.

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EMES												
	TER			Teachin		Mook		1	Evan	ination		
		Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Juration in hours	CIE Marks		otal Marks	Credits
			ă	L	т	Р	S				F	
PCC 21IS	71	Cryptography and Network Security		3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
PCC 21CS	572	Cloud Computing	Any CS Board	2	0	0		3	50	50	100	2
PEC 21XX	(73X	Professional elective Course-II	Department	3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
PEC 21XX	(74X	Professional elective Course-III		3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
		Open elective Course-II	Concerned Department	3	0	0		3	50	50	100	3
-		Project work		inter	-			3	100	100	200	10
		-						Total	350	350	700	24
EMES	TER											
				Teachin	g Hours	/Week			Exam	ination		
		Course Title	Teaching Department	- Theory Lecture	- Tutorial	Drawing	ہ Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
		Technical Seminar		One co inter	ontact h action l	iour /we between	ek for the		100		100	01
INT 21IN	T82	Research Internship/ Industry Internship		inter	action	between	the	03 (Batch wise)	100	100	200	15
NCMC	21NS83 21PE83	National Service Scheme (NSS) Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	NSS PE	inte	rvening	period o	of III		50	50	100	0
	21Y083	Yoga	Yoga					Total	250	150	400	16
								TULA	250	120	400	10
			Professional E									
731		t oriented Modelling and Design		LCS734	-	kchain T		gy				
722		I Image Processing	21	LCS735	intel	rnet of T	nings					
732 733	-	nterface Design										
732 733	-	nterface Design										
733	User I		Professional E			atio Dec -	A+	omotion		and Devis	lonnert	
	User I Softw	nterface Design are Architecture and Design Patterns ructures	21	lective - LCS744 LCS745	Robe	otic Proc QL Data		omation I	Design	and Deve	lopment	
	Con PCC 211S PCC 21CS PEC 21XX PEC 21X	21IS71 PCC 21CS72 PEC 21XX73X PEC 21XX74X OEC 21XX75X Project 21ISP76 EMESTER Course and Course Code Seminar 21IS81 INT 21INT82	Course CodeCourse TitlePCCCryptography and Network Security211571Cloud Computing21CS72Professional elective Course-II21XX73XProfessional elective Course-III21XX74XOpen elective Course-II21XX75XProjectProjectProject work21ISP76Project workEMESTERCourse and Course CodeSeminar 21IS81Technical SeminarINT 21INT82Research Internship/ Industry Internship21NS83National Service Scheme (NSS)21PE83Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PCC 21IS71Cryptography and Network SecurityAny CS Board DepartmentPCC 21CS72Cloud Computing Cloud ComputingAny CS Board DepartmentPEC 21XX74XProfessional elective Course-II 21XX74XConcerned Department21XX74XOpen elective Course-II Project 21ISP76Concerned Department21XX75XProject workConcerned Department21ISP76Project workConcerned DepartmentSeeminar 21IS81Course TitleSeeminar 21ISN21NS83National Service Scheme (NSS)NSS21NS83National Service Scheme (NSS)NSS21NS83Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	PCCCryptography and Network SecurityAny CS Board Department3PCCCloud Computing 21CS72Any CS Board Department3PECProfessional elective Course-III 21XX73XDepartment3PECProfessional elective Course-IIIConcerned Department321XX74XOpen elective Course-IIIConcerned Department3PTOject 21ISP76Project workTwo cc inter facTwo cc inter facEMESTERCourse and Course CodeCourse TitleTechnical Seminar inter facSeminar 21INT82Technical SeminarTechnical Seminar inter facOne cc inter facNT QUResearch Internship/ Industry InternshipNSS PECourse inter facV21NS83National Service Scheme (NSS)NSS PECor inter fac	PCCCryptography and Network SecurityAny CS Board Department3021CS72Cloud Computing 21CS7220PECProfessional elective Course-IIDepartment3021XX73XProfessional elective Course-IIIDepartment3021XX74XOpen elective Course-IIIConcerned Department300ECOpen elective Course-IIConcerned Department3021XX75XProject workTwo contact h interaction i faculty andProjectProject workTwo contact h interaction i faculty and21ISP76Course Title $\frac{99}{4}$ $\frac{91}{4}$ $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{91}{4}$ Seminar 21IS81Technical Seminar $\frac{1}{7}$ interaction i faculty and $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{7}$ NT $21INT82$ Research Internship/ Industry InternshipNSS PE $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{90}$ 21NS83National Service Scheme (NSS)NSS PE $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{7}$	PCC 21IS71Cryptography and Network SecurityAny CS Board Department30021CS72Cloud Computing 21CS72Professional elective Course-II 21XX73XAny CS Board Department30021XX73XProfessional elective Course-III 21XX73XDepartment30021XX73XProfessional elective Course-III 21XX75XConcerned Department3000EC 21SP76Open elective Course-III Project 21SP76Concerned Department300Two contact hours /we interaction between faculty and studentEMESTERCourse and Course and Course CodeCourse TitleImage: Security and studentSecurita Technical SeminarINT 21INT82Research Internship/ Industry interaction between faculty and studentOne contact hours / we interaction between faculty and studentV QU QU21NS83National Service Scheme (NSS)NSSCompleted during intervening period do semester to VIII seme	PCC 211S71Cryptography and Network SecurityIIIPSPCC 21CS72Cloud ComputingAny CS Board Department3001PCC 21CS72Professional elective Course-III 21XX73XProfessional elective Course-III Department300121XX73XProfessional elective Course-III 21XX73XOpen elective Course-III DepartmentConcerned Department300121XX73XOpen elective Course-III 21XX75XConcerned Department3001Project 21ISP76Open elective Course-III Project workConcerned Department3001Project 21ISP76Project workFroject workTwo contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students. $\frac{1}{99}$ $\frac{1}{99}$ $\frac{1}{99}$ $\frac{1}{99}$ $\frac{1}{99}$ Seminar 21IS81Technical SeminarTechnical SeminarIteraction between the faculty and students.One contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.00s1NT 21Research Internship/Industry internshipNSSOne contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.Two contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.021NES83National Service Scheme (NSS)NSSOne Completed during the intervening period of III semester to VIII semester.021NES83National Service Scheme (NSS)NSSOme Completed during t	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline V & V & V & V & V & V & V & V & V & V$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \be$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \begi$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \begi$

Open Electives - II offered by the Department to other Department students 21CS754 Introduction to Data Science 21CS751 Programming in Python 21CS752 Introduction to AI and ML 21CS755 21CS753 Introduction to BigData Note: PCC: Professional Core Course, PEC: Professional Elective Courses, OEC-Open Elective Course, AEC - Ability Enhancement Courses. L-Lecture, T-Tutorial, P-Practical / Drawing, S - Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination. Note: VII and VIII semesters of IV year of the programme (1) Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/ industry internship after the VI semester. (2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the programme. PROJECT WORK (21XXP76): The objective of the Project work is (i) To encourage independent learning and the innovative attitude of the students. (ii) To develop interactive attitude, communication skills, organization, time management, and presentation skills. (iii) To impart flexibility and adaptability. (iv) To inspire team working. (v) To expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgment and intuition. (vi) To adhere to punctuality, setting and meeting deadlines. (vii) To instil responsibilities to oneself and others. (viii)To train students to present the topic of project work in a seminar without any fear, face the audience confidently, enhance communication skills, involve in group discussion to present and exchange ideas. **CIE procedure for Project Work:** (1) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two senior faculty members of the Department, one of whom shall be the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates. (2) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all guides of the college. Participation of external guide/s, if any, is desirable. The CIE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates. SEE procedure for Project Work: SEE for project work will be conducted by the two examiners appointed by the University. The SEE marks awarded for the project work, shall be based on the evaluation of project work Report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. TECHNICAL SEMINAR (21XXS81): The objective of the seminar is to inculcate self-learning, present the seminar topic confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion for exchange of ideas. Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, shall choose, preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the programme of Specialization. (i) Carry out literature survey, systematically organize the content. (ii) Prepare the report with own sentences, avoiding a cut and paste act. (iii) Type the matter to acquaint with the use of Micro-soft equation and drawing tools or any such facilities. (iv) Present the seminar topic orally and/or through PowerPoint slides. (v) Answer the gueries and involve in debate/discussion. (vi) Submit a typed report with a list of references. The participants shall take part in the discussion to foster a friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high

The participants shall take part in the discussion to foste standards and become self-confident.

Evaluation Procedure:

The CIE marks for the seminar shall be awarded (based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session, and quality of report) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three teachers from the department with the senior-most acting as the Chairman.

Marks distribution for CIE of the course:

Seminar Report:50 marks

Presentation skill:25 marks

Question and Answer: 25 marks. ■ No SEE component for Technical Seminar

Non – credit mandatory courses (NCMC):

National Service Scheme/Physical Education (Sport and Athletics)/ Yoga:

(1) Securing 40 % or more in CIE,35 % or more marks in SEE and 40 % or more in the sum total of CIE + SEE leads to successful completion of the registered course.

(2) In case, students fail to secure 35 % marks in SEE, they has to appear for SEE during the subsequent examinations conducted by the University.

(3) In case, any student fails to register for NSS, PE or Yoga/fails to secure the minimum 40 % of the prescribed CIE marks, he/she shall be deemed to have not completed the requirements of the course. In such a case, the student has to fulfill the course requirements during subsequently to earn the qualifying CIE marks subject to the maximum programme period.

(4) Successful completion of the course shall be indicated as satisfactory in the grade card. Non-completion of the course shall be indicated as Unsatisfactory.

(5) These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses shall be mandatory for the award of degree.

TRANSFORM CALCULUS	, FOURIER SERI	ES AND NUMERICAI	L TECHNIQUES
Course Code:	21MAT31	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
 Course Objectives: CLO 1. To have an insight into solvin techniques CLO 2. Learn to use the Fourier seri analysis. CLO 3. To enable the students to stu Cosine transforms and to lea method. CLO 4. To develop the proficiency in engineering applications, usi Teaching-Learning Process (Gener These are sample Strategies, which te outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need not transhing method and solved and	es to represent periody Fourier Transfor rn the method of so a solving ordinary an <u>ng numerical metho</u> al Instructions) eachers can use to ad	odical physical phenomer rms and concepts of infin lving difference equation nd partial differential equ ods ccelerate the attainment of nal lecture method, but a	na in engineering ite Fourier Sine and s by the z-transform nations arising in
 teaching methods could be a 2. Use of Video/Animation to e 3. Encourage collaborative (Groups 4. Ask at least three HOT (High thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning 	xplain functioning o oup Learning) Learn er order Thinking) o	f various concepts. ling in the class. questions in the class, wh	-
 thinking skills such as the ab than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold 7. Show the different ways to se their own creative ways to se 8. Discuss how every concept concept concept concept concepts and set the students' under 	representations. olve the same proble olve them. an be applied to the	em and encourage the stu	idents to come up with
improve the students under	Module-	1	
Definition and Laplace transforms transform of $e^{at}f(t)$, $t^nf(t)$, $\frac{f(t)}{t}$. step function – problems. Inverse Laplace transforms definition transforms (without Proof) and pre- equations.	of elementary fund Laplace transforms on and problems, C	ctions (statements only) s of Periodic functions (st onvolution theorem to f	tatement only) and unit- ind the inverse Laplace
Self-study: Solution of simultaneous		-	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk me		
Introduction to infinite series, conv Fourier series of periodic functions Practical harmonic analysis.	with period 2π a	gence. Periodic functior nd arbitrary period. Ha	lf range Fourier series.
Self-study: Convergence of series by			
Teaching-Learning Process	Challs and talls me	thod / Powerpoint Prese	ntation

	Module-3
	n, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms
Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transf	Forms. Problems.
Difference equations z-transformed	lefinition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules
	plications to solve difference equations.
r robients. niverse z-transform and ap	pheatons to solve unreference equations.
Self-Study: Initial value and final valu	e theorems, problems.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
	Module-4
derivatives, Solution of Laplace's equa	tial differential equations, finite difference approximations to ation using standard five-point formula. Solution of heat equation by licholson method, Solution of the Wave equation. Problems.
Self-Study: Solution of Poisson equat	ions using standard five-point formula.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
	Module-5
Second-order differential equations -	Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method
(No derivations of formulae).	
Calculus of Variations: Functionals, E	uler's equation, Problems on extremals of functional. Geodesics on a
plane, Variational problems.	
Self- Study: Hanging chain problem	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)	
At the end of the course the student w	rill be able to:
CO 1. To solve ordinary differential	equations using Laplace transform.
CO 2. Demonstrate Fourier series to	o study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in
	tal signal processing and field theory.
	analyze problems involving continuous-time signals and to apply Z-
Transform techniques to solv	
	s represented by initial or boundary value problems involving
partial differential equations	un attioned a vision coloridue of visitions and color much lower avising in
	inctionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in
dynamics of rigid bodies and	vibi ational analysis.
Assessment Details (both CIE and S	EE)
	EEJ l Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%
	CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	nic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject,
	s than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Ex	xamination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (d	uration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} wee	ek of the semester
2. Second test at the end of the 1	10 th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15	th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Marks	
4. First assignment at the end of	f 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the end	
-	one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and DOs, for 20
-	one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$

6.	At the end of the 13 th week of the semester
The su	n of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and wil	l be scaled down to 50 marks
(to hav	re less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
method	ls of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE me	thods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per	the outcome defined for the course.
Semest	ter End Examination:
Theory	SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers	for the subject (duration 03 hours)
1. Tł	ne question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
	nere will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
m	aximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
The stu	dents have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Sugges	ted Learning Resources:
Textbo	oks
1.	B. S. Grewal: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed.2018
2.	E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed. (Reprint), 2016.
	nce Books:
	V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed.
2.	
2	Reprint, 2016. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal: "A textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, Latest
э.	edition.
4.	
	Co.Newyork, Latest ed.
5.	Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar: "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I and II", Mc-
	Graw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015.
	H.K.Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S.Chand Publication (2014).
	James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage publications, 7th edition, 4th Reprint 2019
	iks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1. 2	\mathbf{r}
	http://academicearth.org/
	http://www.bookstreet.in.
	VTU e-Shikshana Program
	VTU EDUSAT Program
Activit	y Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminars

DATA	STRUCTURES A	AND APPLICATIONS	
Course Code:	21CS32	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
 Course Objectives: CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of solutions to problems. CLO 2. Illustrate representation of a CLO 3. Design and Develop Solution CLO 4. Explore usage of Trees and CLO 5. Apply the Hashing technique Teaching-Learning Process (Generation These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need not 	lata structures: Si is to problems usi Graph for applicat in mapping key ral Instructions) eachers can use to	tack, Queues, Linked List ing Arrays, Structures, St ion development. value pairs.	ent of the various course
 teaching methods could be a Use of Video/Animation to e Encourage collaborative (Gr Ask at least three HOT (High thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learn 	dopted to attain t xplain functionin oup Learning) Lea er order Thinking ing (PBL), which t	the outcomes. g of various concepts. arning in the class. g) questions in the class, fosters students' Analytic	which promotes critical cal skills, develop design
 thinking skills such as the ab than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold 7. Show the different ways to s their own creative ways to s 8. Discuss how every concept of improve the students' under 	l representations olve the same pro olve them. an be applied to t	oblem and encourage the	e students to come up with
improve the students under	Modu	10-1	
Introduction: Data Structures, Class (Traversing, inserting, deleting, sear Self-Referential Structures. Dynamic Memory Allocation Func allocated arrays and Multidimension Demonstration of representation of F Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapter	sifications (Prim ching, and sorting tions. Represent al Arrays. Polynomials and S r 2: 2.2 - 2.7, Te x	itive & Non-Primitive), g). Review of Arrays. Stru ation of Linear Arrays Sparse Matrices with arra kt Textbook 2: Chapter	uctures: Array of structures in Memory, dynamically ays. 1: 1.1 - 1.4,
Laboratory Component:			
 Design, Develop and Implem a. Creating an Array of b. Display of Array Ele c. Exit. Support the program with fu 	N Integer Eleme ments with Suita	nts ble Headings	ollowing Array Operations
 Design, Develop and Implem a. Inserting an Element b. Deleting an Element c. Display of Array Element 	t (ELEM) at a give at a given valid F	en valid Position (POS)	ollowing Array operations

Teaching-Learning Process	nctions for each of the above operations. Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to illustrate application of arrays and structures. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to illustrate application of arrays and structures.
	illustrate application of arrays and structures.
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s
	https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures-
	1/List%20of%20experiments.html
	Module-2
Stacks: Definition Stack Operations	Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic
	xpression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to
Queues: Definition, Array Representa Circular queues using Dynamic arrays	ation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and s, Dequeues, Priority Queues.
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.4, 3.6	5 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13
Laboratory Component:	
STACK of Integers (Array Imp a. <i>Push</i> an Element on t b. <i>Pop</i> an Element from c. Demonstrate <i>Overflo</i> d. Display the status of	n Stack ow and <i>Underflow</i> situations on Stack
 Design, Develop and Impleme a. Evaluation of Suffix e 	opropriate functions for each of the above operations ent a Program in C for the following Stack Applications expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^ noi problem with n disks
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html
Links D.C. Him Jacob	Module-3 on of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in
Memory, Traversing, Insertion, Dele linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Circula	etion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly ar linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues. nials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples.
	5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 - 5.9
Laboratory Component:	
1. Singly Linked List (SLL) of In	teger Data
a. Create a SLL stack of	-
b. Display of SLL	C .
	te a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of
integers.	ment a menu driven Program in C for the following operationson
2. Design, Develop and Implem	of Professor Data with the fields: ID, Name, Branch, Area of

b. Create a DLL queue of N Professor's Data Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it.

	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists.
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
	Module-4
Trees 1: Terminologies Binary T	rees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked
	inary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder;
	earch Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching
operation on Binary search tree. A	Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.
Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1 –5.5	, 5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9
Laboratory Component:	
	ents, construct a complete binary tree from this array in level order
	s from left in the array will be filled in the tree level wise starting from
level 0. Ex: Input : arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}	
Output : Root of the follow	wing tree
1	
/	
2 3	
$/ \setminus / \setminus$	
4 5 6	
Binary Search Tree (BST)	of Integers
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N) of Integers N Integers
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST) of Integers N Integers F in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST) of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST) of Integers N Integers F in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-</u>
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST) of Integers V Integers F in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u>
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST) of Integers N Integers F in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST) of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-</u>
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST) of Integers N Integers F in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST	V Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-</u>
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process	of Integers V Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html</u> <u>Module-5</u>
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process	of Integers V Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html</u> <u>Module-5</u>
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree) of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 , Splay tree, B-tree.</u>
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog) of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html</u> <u>Module-5</u> , Splay tree, B-tree. gies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa
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Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog methods: Breadth First Search an) of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html</u> <u>Module-5</u> , Splay tree, B-tree. gies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog methods: Breadth First Search an Hashing: Hash Table organization	of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html</u> <u>Module-5</u> , Splay tree, B-tree. gies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa d Depth FirstSearch. ns, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog methods: Breadth First Search an Hashing: Hash Table organization Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10	of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and- algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html Module-5 , Splay tree, B-tree. gies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa d Depth FirstSearch. ns, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing. 0.3, 10.4, Textbook 2:7.10 – 7.12, 7.15 Chapter 11: 11.2, Textbook 1
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST Teaching-Learning Process Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree Graphs: Definitions, Terminolog methods: Breadth First Search an Hashing: Hash Table organization Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10	of Integers N Integers T in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html</u> <u>Module-5</u> , Splay tree, B-tree. gies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa d Depth FirstSearch. ns, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.
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Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
 - b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.
- 2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Teaching-Learning Process	NPTL, MOOC etc. courses on trees and graphs.	
	http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-	
	algorithms.html	

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
- CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). **CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
- 4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
- 3. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

Course Code			
	21CS33	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Credits Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1. Explain the use of photo el CLO 2. Make use of simplifying tec CLO 3. Illustrate combinational an CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of flip CLO 5. Design and test counters, A Teaching-Learning Process (Gen These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) does teaching methods may be 2. Show Video/animation film 3. Encourage collaborative (G 4. Ask at least three HOT (Hig thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Lean skills such as the ability to it.	ectronics devices, 555 chniques in the design of sequential digital cir- oflops and apply for re- Analog-to-Digital and D eral Instructions) teachers can use to ac not mean only traditio adopted to develop the ns to explain functioni Group Learning) Learn gher order Thinking) q	timer IC, Regulator ICs a of combinational circuits cuits gisters igital-to-Analog convers celerate the attainment of nal lecture method, but co outcomes. ng of various concepts. ing in the class. uestions in the class, wh ers students' Analytical s	nd uA741 s. ion techniques. of the various course lifferent type of ich promotes critical skills, develop thinking
 Topics will be introduced if Show the different ways to 	solve the same proble		idents to come up with
their own creative ways to 8. Discuss how every concep improve the students' und	t can be applied to the	real world - and when th	at's possible, it helps
8. Discuss how every concep improve the students' und	t can be applied to the erstanding. Module -	l	at's possible, it helps
8. Discuss how every concep	t can be applied to the erstanding. Module- b base Bias, voltage div Circuits: Peak Detector rrent-to-Voltage and V age regulator, D to A an ections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4),	L der bias , Schmitt trigger, Active I oltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter.	Filters, Non-Linear rter, Regulated Power
 Discuss how every concepting improve the students' und BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to Operational Amplifier Application Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Cursupply Parameters, adjustable volt Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Social Structure) I. Simulate BJT CE voltage d Using ua 741 Opamp, designant astable multivibution using NE 555 timer IC. 	t can be applied to the erstanding. Module-: base Bias, voltage div Circuits: Peak Detector rrent-to-Voltage and V age regulator, D to A an ections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), 9. ivider biased voltage a gn a 1 kHz Relaxation (rator circuit for three of	L ider bias , Schmitt trigger, Active i oltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter. Chapter 7 (Sections 7. mplifier using any suitab Discillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%)	Filters, Non-Linear rter, Regulated Power 4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter ele circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%)
 Biscuss how every conceptimprove the students' und BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to Operational Amplifier Application Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Cursupply Parameters, adjustable volt Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Song (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage d Using ua 741 Opamp, desig Design an astable multivibusing NE 555 timer IC. Using ua 741 opamap, designana, designana,	t can be applied to the erstanding. Module-: base Bias, voltage div Circuits: Peak Detector rrent-to-Voltage and V age regulator, D to A an ections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), 9. ivider biased voltage a gn a 1 kHz Relaxation (rator circuit for three of ign a window compara	L ider bias , Schmitt trigger, Active i oltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter. Chapter 7 (Sections 7. mplifier using any suitab Discillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%, tor for any given UTP an	Filters, Non-Linear rter, Regulated Power 4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) d LTP.
 Discuss how every conceptimprove the students' und BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to Operational Amplifier Application Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Cursupply Parameters, adjustable volt Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Society 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage d Using ua 741 Opamp, desig Design an astable multivibusing NE 555 timer IC. 	t can be applied to the erstanding. Module-: base Bias, voltage div Circuits: Peak Detector rrent-to-Voltage and V age regulator, D to A an ections 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), 9. ivider biased voltage a gn a 1 kHz Relaxation O rator circuit for three of ign a window compara 1. Demonstra 2. Project won function ge square and	L ider bias , Schmitt trigger, Active I foltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter. Chapter 7 (Sections 7. Chapter 7 (Sections 7. Chapt	Filters, Non-Linear rter, Regulated Power 4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter ele circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) d LTP. ulation. ower supply and io frequency. Sine,

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and inplement the same using basic gates.

Teaching-Learning Process 1. Chalk and Board for numerical		ard for numerical
	2. Laboratory D	emonstration
Module-3		

Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits

Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
- 2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator	
	2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device	
	3. Chalk and Board for numerical	
Madala A		

Module-4

Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules.

Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3, SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator
- 2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL
	3. Chalk and Board for numerical	
Module-5		
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers		

Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Laboratory Component: 1. Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working. 2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447) **Teaching-Learning Process** 1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Sevensegment display to display the output 3. Chalk and Board for numerical **Course outcome (Course Skill Set)** At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp. CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same. CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types. CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)** The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of 10 Marks 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to 20 marks. Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks. Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics) The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks (to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Raghunandan G H Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning, 2019

Reference Books

- 1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Analog Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/
- 2. Digital Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
- 3. Analog Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/
- 4. Digital Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.

	COMPUT	ER ORGANIZATIO	ON AND ARCHITECT	URE
Course		21CS34	CIE Marks	50
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	ours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
	Learning Objectives			
	LO 1. Understand the organ operation LO 2. Illustrate the concept			ems, their structure and
	LO 2. Demonstrate differer			
	LO 3. Describe different ty	•	0 /	
	LO 4. Describe different ty	· -		205
	LO 5. Demonstrate process			
	ng-Learning Process (Gen		er processing and pipen	
Teacin	lig-Learning Frocess (Gen	er ar mstructionsj		
These a	re sample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcom		teachers can ase to		ent of the various course
		not to be only a trac	litional lastura mathad	but alternative offective
1.	Lecturer method (L) need			but alternative ellective
	teaching methods could be	-		
2.	Use of Video/Animation to			
3.	Encourage collaborative (-	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (Hi thinking.	gher order Thinking	g) questions in the class	, which promotes critical
-	0	uning (DDI) suchisch f	'a atoma atu dan ta' Analysti	aal alvilla, davvalan daaian
5.	Adopt Problem Based Lean	• • •	•	
	-	ability to design, eva	aluate, generalize, and a	analyze information rather
	than simply recall it.			
6.	Introduce Topics in manife	-		
7.	Show the different ways to	o solve the same pro	blem with different circ	cuits/logic and encourage
	the students to come up w	ith their own creativ	ve ways to solve them.	
8.	Discuss how every concep	t can be applied to t	he real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps
	improve the students' und	erstanding.		
	*	Modul	le-1	
Basic S	Structure of Computers:			s, Performance – Processor
	Basic Performance Equation			s, renormance riocessor
Machin	a Instructions and Dr	ognama. Mamany	Logation and Addre	sses, Memory Operations,
	tions and Instruction Seque	0		sses, memory operations,
mstruct	cions and mist decion seque	neme, neuressing w	10005	
Textbo	ok 1: Chapter1 - 1.3, 1.4, 1	1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4. 1.6	5.7). Chapter2 – 2.2 to	2.5
			tive Learning, Problem	
		Modul	0	
Input //	Output Organization: Acce			ardwara Direct Momory
	Buses, Interface Circuits	song i/ O Devices, I	nterrupts – mterrupt H	aruware, Direct Melliory
110033,	Duses, meriace difeuns			
Textho	ok 1: Chapter4 - 4.1, 4.2,	4.4.4.5.4.6		
			tive Learning, Demonst	ration
	0 0 - 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Modul		
Momor	w Suctom, Pagia Concenta			Momorias Speed Size and
	y System: Basic Concepts, 3 ache Memories – Mapping F			memories, speeu, size, and
uusi, ua	tene memories – Mapping F	unctions, virtual me	511101165	
Textho	ok 1: Chapter 5 - 5.1 to 5.	4 55(551 552)		
			blem based learning, D	emonstration
1 cucill		Shain and Dourd, I I C	, stem suscu icui initg, D	emonoti attori

	Module-4
	tic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed s, Multiplication of Positive Numbers
Basic Processing Unit: Fundan Microprogrammed control	nental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control,
Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Cha	apter6 - 6.1 to 6.3
Textbook 1: Chapter7 - 7.1, 7.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
	Module-5
Pipeline, Vector Processing, Arr	
Textbook 2: Chapter 9 - 9.1, 9	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stud	
	n and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and
programs	
	ut devices communicating with computer system
	ons of different types of memory devices
	bes on simple arithmetic and logical unit
-	f basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining
Assessment Details (both CIE	-
	tternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	r the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
	End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Man	
1. First test at the end of 5	
	of the 10 th week of the semester
	the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	
-	end of 4 th week of the semester
_	he end of 9 th week of the semester
	z any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13^{th} w	
	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 m	
	portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined fo	r me course.
Semester End Examination:	
Theory SEE will be conducted papers for the subject (duration	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
naners for the subject (duration	n u s noursi
	l have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall

be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3rd Edition
- **Reference:**

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/
- 6. <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
- Quizzes

	OBJECT ORIENTE		G WITH JAVA LABOR	ATORY
Course Co		21CSL35	CIE Marks	50
	Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. I CLO 2. U	environment.	levelop programs for of basic object-orie I is suggested for e Pren be familiarized abo ce Eclipse/Netbeans ns for which studen	or solving real-world prob ented programming conce each laboratory sessions requisite ut java installation and se should be introduced.	olems. opts. s. tting the java
1	Program: Write a java pr ax2+bx+c=0. Read in a, b, Aim: Demonstrating crea initialization of variables	, c and use the quad tion of java classes,	ratic formula.	
2	Program: Create a Java cl USN Name Branch Phone Write a Java program to c of these objects with suit	ass called Student v create n Student obj able headings.	ects and print the USN, Na	ame, Branch, and Phone
3	Aim: Discuss the various Program: A. Write a program to che B.Write a program for Ar	eck prime number ithmetic calculator	using switch case menu	
4	Aim: Demonstrate the co Design a super class calle by writing three subclass Contract (period). Write categories.	ed Staff with details ses namely Teaching	as StaffId, Name, Phone, S (domain, publications), 7	Salary. Extend this class Fechnical (skills), and
5	Aim: Introduce concepts Program: Write a java pro overloading.	ogram demonstratii	ng Method overloading ar	
6	Aim: Introduce the conce Program: Develop a java INR, Yen to INR and vice		-	(Dollar to INR, EURO t

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
	Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi- threaded programming.
8	Program: Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
	Aim: Introduce java Collections.
9	Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert – add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.
	Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally.
10	Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
	Aim: Introduce File operations in java.
11	Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes
	Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings.
12	Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
<u></u>	
	Dutcome (Course Skill Set) d of the course the student will be able to:
CO 2. CO 3. CO 4.	Use Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects. Analyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming and become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP. Demonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object- oriented data and document results. Apply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop robust programs.
CO 5.	Develop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts. In the Details (both CIE and SEE)
	ghtage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is e minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall
be deem The stuc	ed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. In has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
be deem The stuc (SEE).	lent has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
be deem The stuc (SEE). Continu	-
be deem The stuc (SEE). Continu CIE mark	lent has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination ous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6th Edition, 2019.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2020

MASTERING OFFICE				
(Practical based)				
Course Code	21CSL381	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02	
Course Objectives:				
CLO 1. Understand the basics of co	mputers and prepa	re documents and sma	all presentations.	
CLO 2. Attain the knowledge about	spreadsheet/worl	sheet with various opt	tions.	
CLO 3. Create simple presentations	using templates v	arious options availabl	le.	
CLO 4. Demonstrate the ability to a	pply application so	oftware in an office env	vironment.	
CLO 5. Use MS Office to create proje	ects, applications.			
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which to	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course	
outcomes.				
1. Lecturer method (L) need no	ot to be only tradit	onal lecture method, b	out alternative effective	
teaching methods could be a	•			
-	-			
2. Use of Video/Animation to e	xplain functioning	of various concepts.		

- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

MS-Word -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting - Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
Module-2			

MS-Excel- Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes - Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets - Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,			
Module-3				

MS-Power Point -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box - Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.

Touthook 1. Chanton F				
Textbook 1: Chapter 5 Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies			
Teaching-Learning Frocess	Module-4			
MS-Access - Using Access databa	ase wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design			
	ng, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows			
	ble & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 4				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.			
	Module-5			
	n, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook,			
Outlook Data Files				
Textbook 1: Chapter 7				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes (Course Skil				
At the end of the course the stud				
	of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small			
	audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet.			
	nd print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker,			
mail merge and gran	mmar checker ge about spreadsheet with formula, macros spell checker etc.			
	ility to apply application software in an office environment.			
	office data management tasks			
Assessment Details (both CIE a				
	nternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is			
	k for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall			
be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
	ess than 55% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
(SEE).				
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above			
CIE marks for the practical cours				
-	ord/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .			
• Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by				
-	g the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning			
of the practical session.				
Record should contain all will be evaluated for 10 ma	the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up			
_	students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).			
	neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.			
-	02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week			
	cond test shall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester.			
-	conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge			
	0% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.			
	be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.			
	xure-II of Regulation book			
_	scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).			
	scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is			
the total CIE marks scored by the student.				
Semester End Evaluation (SEE):			

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE</u>
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/rJPWi5x0g3I</u>
- 3. <u>https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4</u>
- 4. https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbfPc
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw</u>
- 6. <u>http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx</u>
- 7. <u>https://gsuite.google.com/leaming-center</u>
- 8. <u>http://spoken-tutorial.org</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.

C++ PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	21CS382	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.
- CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.
- CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions.
- CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions
- CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Computer programming background- C++ overview-First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning			
Module-2				
Functions in C++: Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.				
Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9) .				
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,				
	problem solving			
Module-3				
Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining				
Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.				
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)				

ma altar to p				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving			
	Module-4			
-	r- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file			
operations.				
$T_{\text{rest}} = 1 + 1 + 0 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + $				
Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5), Ch Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's			
Teaching-Learning Frocess	Module-5			
Exception Handling: Introduction	to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block-			
Throw statement- Pre-defined exception				
infow statement- Pre-defined excep	Juons III C++ .			
Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to13	3.6)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se				
At the end of the course the student				
CO 1. Able to understand and	design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming			
concepts.				
	e with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function			
Overloading.	y and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism			
	e Performance analysis of I/O Streams.			
	of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for			
_	solutions to complex problems.			
Assessment Details (both CIE and	SEE)			
The weightage of Continuous Intern	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
The minimum passing mark for the	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
deemed to have satisfied the acade	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/			
course if the student secures not le	ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal			
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation:				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} w				
2. Second test at the end of the	e 10 th week of the semester			
3. Third test at the end of the 2	15 th week of the semester			
Two assignments each of 10 Marks				
4. First assignment at the end				
0	nd of 9 th week of the semester			
	y one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$			
Marks (duration 01 hours)				
6. At the end of the 13 th week				
	ents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks			
and will be scaled down to 50 mar				
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
	to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy			
as per the outcome defined for the Semester End Examination:	e (0415e.			
	University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question			
papers for the subject (duration 01				
	ns of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The			
time allotted for SEE is 01 hours	is of each of or marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The			
time anoticu for SEE is of hours				

Textbooks

- 1. Bhushan Trivedi, "Programming with ANSI C++", Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
- 2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

Reference Books

- 1. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004.
- 2. Ray Lischner, "Exploring C++ : The programmer's introduction to C++", apress, 2010
- 3. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Basics of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BClS40yzssA</u>
- 2. Functions of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

IV Semester

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DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS			
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Course Code	21CS42	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.

CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.

CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.

CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application. CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.

Performance Analysis: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.

Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (\square) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.

Brute force design technique: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)

Laboratory Component:

 Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Problem based Learning.	
	2. Chalk & board, Active Learning.	
	3. Laboratory Demonstration.	
Module-2		

Divide and Conquer: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem. , Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

Decrease and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(Sections 3.1,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6)

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2,4.3), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time

complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		Learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-3

Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4(Sections 4.1,4.3,4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6(section 6.4)

Laboratory Component:

Write & Execute C++/Java Program

- 1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method.
- 2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm.
- 3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
- 4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based	
		Learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-4		

Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs.

Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm. All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm,

Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem.

Space-Time Tradeoffs: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching-Harspool's algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9)

Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

Laboratory Component:

Write C++/ Java programs to

- 1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
- 2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
- 3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based	
		Learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.
	1	Module-5

Backtracking: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems.

Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem

NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3)

Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)

Laboratory Component:

Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,..., Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S = {1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1, 2, 6} and {1, 8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Teaching-Learning Process		Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
- CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
- CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
- CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
- CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- 2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

Reference Books

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
- 3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
- 4. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 5. http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
- 2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

MICRO	CONTROLLER AND E	MBEDDED SYSTEMS	
Course Code	21CS43	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
 Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1: Understand the fundamen registers and the CPSR. CLO 2: Use the various instruction CLO 3: Program various embedded CLO 4: Identify various componen applicability. CLO 5: Understand the embedded Teaching-Learning Process (Geee These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. The lecturer method (L) teaching methods may bee 2. Show video/animation fi 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (Fertility the sum of the second structure) 5. Adopt Problem Based Lees skills such as the ability to the sum of the su	tals of ARM-based syste ins to program the ARM ed components using the hts, their purpose, and the d system's real-time oper- meral Instructions) ch teachers can use to acc does not mean only the free e adopted to develop the lms to explain the functi (group learning) learning ligher order Thinking) q arning (PBL), which fost to evaluate, generalize, a d in multiple representation to solve the same problet to solve them.	ms, including programm controller. e embedded C program. neir application to the en rating system and its app celerate the attainment of traditional lecture metho e outcomes. foning of various concept ag in the class. questions in the class, wh ters students' Analytical in analyze information of tions. em and encourage the stu	ing modules with bedded system's blication in IoT. of the various course od, but different types of ts. ich promotes critical skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall idents to come up with
		ieai woriu, anu when the	at s possible, it lielps
improve the students' un			
Microprocessors versus Microcor ARM Design Philosophy, Embedd ARM Processor Fundamentals: Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1	ed System Hardware, Er Registers, Current Prog Core Extensions	d Systems: The RISC des nbedded System Softwar ram Status Register, Pipe	re.
Laboratory Component:			
1. Using Keil software, obse	erve the various register:	s, dump, CPSR, with a sin	nple ALP programme.
Teaching-Learning Process		of registers, memory ac	
	programme mo 2. For concepts, r whiteboard, as	odule. numerical, and discussion well as a PowerPoint pr	n, use chalk and a
Tartas da atta da atta Attar y	Module-2		Lu shuu shi O. C
Introduction to the ARM Instru			
Interrupt Instructions, Program S	tatus Register Instructio	ons, Coprocessor Instruc	tions, Loading Constants
C Compilers and Optimization :B	asic C Data Types, C Loo	ping Structures, Register	Allocation, Function

Calls, Pointer Aliasing,		
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Section	s 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5	
Laboratory Component:	Soli to olo (Excluding olorz), onapter o	
2. Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.		
	the factorial of a number.	
1 0	an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.	
	the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.	
1 0	the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.	
	2. Laboratory Demonstration	
	Module-3	
C Compilers and Optimization :S	tructure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness,	
Division, Floating Point, Inline Fu	inctions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues.	
ARM programming using Asse	mbly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting,	
instruction scheduling, Register A	Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs	
Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6		
Laboratory Component:		
1. Write a program to a	arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.	
	count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory	
locations.		
3. Display "Hello World	d" message using Internal UART.	
1 5	5 5	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.	
	2. Chalk and Board for numerical	
	Module-4	
Embedded System Component	ts: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded	
	ded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of	
embedded systems.		
Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators,		
LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface		
(onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components.		
(ensenta ana external (ypes), Embedded in inware, other system components.		
Textbook 2: Chapter 1 (Section	us 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)	
Laboratory Component:		
1. Interface and Control a I	DC Motor.	
2. Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.		
3. Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.		
4. Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms.		
5. Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.		
6. Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.		
7. Display the Hex digits 0	to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded	
	components using keil.	
	2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion	
	Module-5	
RTOS and IDE for Embedded S	y stem Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems,	
Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption,		
	g, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization	

issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion
	2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using
	raspberry pi

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain C-Compilers and optimization
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
- 2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books

- 1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication,2019
- 2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code:	21CS44	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS

CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources

CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands

CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3

reaction in chapter 1,2,5		
Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning and problem solving		
	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6f	
	EyqRiVhbXDGLXDk OQAeuVcp20	
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-	
	wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD_ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2	
Module-2		

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor

scheduling; Thread scheduling.

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5

Teaching-Learning Process	earning Process Active Learning and problem solving		
	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxhlvt9Zo		
Module-3			

Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJJfdBg</u>		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PL		
	EJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOElU44J_JAun&index=30		
N. J. J. A			

Module-4

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about memory management and File system		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJ6qrCB8pDw&list=PLI</u>		
	<u>Y8eNdw5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqytw8qhp</u>		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orfFhvNBzY		
Module-5			

Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.

Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about case studies		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4</u>		
	2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&list=P</u>		
	LEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUJ&index=36		
	3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw		
Course Outcomes (Course Skill S	et)		

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.

- CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
- CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
- CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
- CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.

4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuV_cp20</u>

- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-</u>
- tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mk0</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Role play for process scheduling.
- Present animation for Deadlock.
- Real world examples of memory management concepts

	PYTHON	PROGRAMM	ING LABORATOR	Y	
Course Coc	le	21CSL46	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching H	Iours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hour	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100	
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03	
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications					
	sing Python programming lar	•			
	plement the Object-Oriented	0 0		ing real-world problems	
	praise the need for working	0 0	1 V	PDF Word and Others	
-	emonstrate regular expression			bi, word and others	
	hours tutorial is suggested				
	nours tutoriur is suggested	Prerequ	-		
• Stude	ents should be familiarized al	-		Python environment	
• Usage	e of IDLE or IDE like PyCharn	n should be intr	oduced		
	Python Installation: https:/	/www.youtube	.com/watch?v=Kn1H	IF3oD19c	
	PyCharm Installation: https	://www.youtu	be.com/watch?v=SZL	JNUB6nz3g	
Sl. No.		s for which stu	ident should develop	o program and execute in the	
	Laboratory				
		on fundamentals	s, data types, operato	ors, flow control and exception	
	handling in Python				
	a) Write a python prog	\sim Write a without measurement of find the heat of two test success measures of three test'			
	a) Write a python program to find the best of two test average marks out of three test's marks accepted from the user.				
	b) Develop a Python program to check whether a given number is palindrome or not and				
	also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number.				
1		also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number.			
I	Datatypes: https://www.	voutube.com/w	vatch?v=gCCVsvgR2K	U	
	Operators: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v5MR5JnKcZI				
	Flow Control: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PqFKRqpHrjw				
	For loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s				
		While loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg			
	Exceptions: https://www	.youtube.com/v	vatch?v=6SPDvPK38	tw	
	Aim: Demonstrating crea	tion of function	s, passing parameters	s and return values	
	a) Defined as a function	$E \sim E n - E n^{-1}$	1 + En 2 Writo a Dut	than program which accopted	
	a) Defined as a function F as $Fn = Fn-1 + Fn-2$. Write a Python program which accepts a value for N (where N >0) as input and pass this value to the function. Display suitable				
	value for N (where N >0) as input and pass this value to the function. Display suitable error message if the condition for input value is not followed.				
	b) Develop a python program to convert binary to decimal, octal to hexadecimal using				
2	functions.				
	Functions: https://www.y	outube.com/w	atch?v=BVfCWuca9n	W	
	Arguments: https://www				
	Return value: https://ww	w.youtube.com	/watch?v=nuNXiEDn	M44	
	Aim: Demonstration of manipulation of strings using string methods				
2		-			
3				d the number of words, digits	
	uppercase letters and	l lowercase lett	ers.		

	b) Write a Python program to find the string similarity between two given strings			
	Sample Output:	Sample Output:		
	Original string:	Original string:		
	Python Exercises	Python Exercises		
	Python Exercises	Python Exercise		
	Similarity between two said strings:	Similarity between two said strings:		
	1.0	0.967741935483871		
	Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch	n?v=lSItwlnF0eU		
	String functions: https://www.youtube.co	om/watch?v=9a3CxJyTq00		
	Aim: Discuss different collections like list	tuple and dictionary		
		t insertion sort and merge sort using lists umbers in to integer values using dictionaries.		
4	Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?			
4	List methods: https://www.youtube.com			
	Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bdS4dHIJGBc			
	Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.			
	Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/w	-		
	Dictionary methods: https://www.youtuk	pe.com/watch?v=oLeNHuORpNY		
	Aim: Demonstration of pattern recognition	n with and without using regular expressions		
	a) Write a function called isphonenumber () to recognize a pattern 415-555-4242 without			
	using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using			
5	regular expression.			
	b) Develop a python program that could search the text in a file for phone numbers			
	(+919900889977) and email addresses (<u>sample@gmail.com</u>)			
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LnzFnZfHLS4			
	Aim: Demonstration of reading, writing a	nd organizing files.		
	a) Write a python program to accept a file name from the user and perform the following			
	operations			
	1. Display the first N line of the file			
	2. Find the frequency of occurrence of the word accepted from the user in the			
	file b) Write a python program to create a 7	ID file of a particular folder which contains covered		
6	b) Write a python program to create a ZIP file of a particular folder which contains several files inside it.			
	Files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vuyb7CxZgbU			
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqcjKewJTQ0			
	File organization: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MRuq3SRXses</u>			
7	Aim: Demonstration of the concepts of cla	asses, methods, objects and inheritance		

	a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle.	
	b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department.	
	OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNBIP2g Inheritance: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU</u>	
	Aim: Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding	
8	a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance.	
	Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTuIsoFk	
	Aim: Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping	
9	a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comicsb) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet	
-	Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k	
	Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc	
	Aim: Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files	
	a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFsb) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file	
	PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls	
10	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA	
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A	
	Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSl51jWE	
	JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I	
Python (Fu	ll Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc	
Dodogogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based	
Pedagogy learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk		
	PART B – Practical Based Learning	
	tatement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student lop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate	
Course Out	comes:	
	nonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions.	
	ntify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries.	
	cover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system.	
CO F Det	erpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.	

CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Al Sweigart, **"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python"**,1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
- 2. Reema Thareja **"Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach**" Oxford University Press.
- Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

		WEB PROGR (Practical				
Course	Codo	21CSL481	CIE Marks	50		
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
	ours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100		
				02		
	Credits 01 Exam Hours 02 Course Objectives:					
	Learn Web tool box and hist	ory of web browse	rc			
			15.			
	Learn HTML, XHTML tags wi					
	Know CSS with dynamic doc					
	Learn JavaScript with Eleme		ript.			
	Logically plan and develop w					
Teachi	ng-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)				
These a	are sample Strategies, which to	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course		
outcom	ies.					
1.	Lecturer method (L) need no teaching methods could be a	-		but alternative effective		
2.	Use of Video/Animation to e	-				
	-		-			
3.	Encourage collaborative (Gr		-			
4.	Ask at least three HOT (High thinking.	er order Thinking) questions in the class,	, which promotes critical		
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learn	ing (PBL), which fo	osters students' Analvti	cal skills, develop design		
	thinking skills such as the ab					
	than simply recall it.	inty to design, eva	idate, generalize, and a	maryze mormation rather		
6		Inonnocontationa				
6. 7	Introduce Topics in manifold	-	.]			
7.	Show the different ways to s	-		cuits/logic and encourage		
	the students to come up with		•			
8.	Discuss how every concept of		e real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps		
	improve the students' under	standing. Module	<u> </u>			
T				Mile Commentation MIME		
	uction to WEB Programmin Security, The Web Programme		v, web Browsers, and	web Servers, UKLS, MIME,		
Toytho	ook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.9)					
		halk and board. A	ctive Learning, practica	l based learning		
	0 0	Modul	÷.	0		
HTML	and XHTML: Origins of HTM	IL and XHTML. Ba	usic syntax. Standard X	KHTML document structure		
Basic	text markup,		Hypertext Links			
Forms,	Frames in HTML and XHTML,					
	ook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.10)					
Teachi			ctive Learning, Demon	stration, presentation,		
	p	roblem solving				
		Modul	e-3			
	troduction, Levels of style she operties, List properties, Colo					
-	ook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.12)	-	J 0,	-		
			Demonstration, problem	n solving		
1 cucili		Module	-			
laws 0	arint L Obiert and the			ah ava ataviati ca Dairoiti		
iava s	cript – I: Object orientati	un and JavaScrip	u; General syntactic	characteristics; Primitives		

Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Java Script – II: Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books

- 1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
- 2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
- 3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
- 4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM</u>
- 2. HTML and XHTML: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XlIDDXgwg</u>
- 3. CSS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE</u>
- 4. Java Script and HTML Documents: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0</u>
- 5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTFSIJALNKc</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>http://www.tutorialspoint.com</u>
- 2. http://www.w3schools.com
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
 - Demonstration of simple projects

UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	21CS482	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Course Objectives:			

CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.

CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.

CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.

CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.

CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction of UNIX - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4), Chapter 2-2.1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning	
Module-2		
UNIX File System- The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
	problem solving	
	Module-3	
Basic File Attributes - Is – l, the –d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 6		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving	
Module-4		
Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line		

Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, \$, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Introduction to UNIX System process: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill

References:

- 2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
- 3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.

		R PROGRA		
Course	Codo	(Practical) 21CSL483		50
			CIE Marks	50
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total H Credits	lours of Pedagogy	<u>12T + 12P</u>	Total Marks	100
		01	Exam Hours	02
CLO 1 CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5 Teachi	e Objectives: . Explore and understand ho . To learn and practice progr . Read Structured Data into F . Understand the different da . To develop small applicatio ing-Learning Process (Generation) are sample Strategies, which the nes. Lecturer method (L) need magnetic to the second to th	amming techniques a from various sour ita Structures, data <u>ns using R Program</u> ral Instructions) teachers can use to ot to be only a trad adopted to attain the explain functioning roup Learning) Leather her order Thinking) hing (PBL), which for bility to design, evan d representations.	s using R programming ces. types in R. ming accelerate the attainme itional lecture method, ne outcomes. of various concepts. rning in the class.) questions in the class, osters students' Analyti luate, generalize, and a	ent of the various course but alternative effective , which promotes critical ical skills, develop design analyze information rather
	the students to come up wit	h their own creativ	e ways to solve them.	
8.	Discuss how every concept	can be applied to th	ne real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps
	improve the students' unde	rstanding.		
		Modul	e-1	
Vectors Textbo	ric, Arithmetic, Assignmen s, Expressions and assignmer ook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7) ing-Learning Process	ts Logical expression	ons. Active Learning, practi	
reatill				
		Matrix, Sub-setting		conditions and Looping: if
Matric statem	ents, looping with for, looping		r based programming.	
Matric statem Textbo	ents, looping with for, looping	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5		netration presentation
Matric statem Textbo	ents, looping with for, looping	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board,		onstration, presentation,
Matric statem Textbo	ents, looping with for, looping	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board, problem solving	Active Learning, Demo	nstration, presentation,
Matric statem Textbo Teachi	ents, looping with for, looping ook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapt ing-Learning Process	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board, problem solving Module	Active Learning, Demo	
Matric statem Textbo Teachi Lists a	ents, looping with for, looping ook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapt ing-Learning Process nd Data Frames: Data Frame	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board, problem solving Module	Active Learning, Demo	
Matric statem Textbo Teachi Lists a Textbo	ents, looping with for, looping ook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapt ing-Learning Process nd Data Frames: Data Frame ook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board, problem solving Modul es, Lists, Special val	Active Learning, Demo	-
Matric statem Textbo Teachi Lists a Textbo	ents, looping with for, looping ook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapt ing-Learning Process nd Data Frames: Data Frame	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board, problem solving Modul es, Lists, Special val	Active Learning, Demo e-3 lues, The apply facmily. , Demonstration, probl	-
Matric statem Textbo Teachi Lists a Textbo Teachi	ents, looping with for, looping ook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapt ing-Learning Process nd Data Frames: Data Frame ook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4 ing-Learning Process	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board, problem solving Module es, Lists, Special val Chalk and board, Module	Active Learning, Demo e-3 lues, The apply facmily. , Demonstration, proble e-4	em solving
Matric statem Textbo Teachi Lists a Textbo Teachi Functio	ents, looping with for, looping ook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapt ing-Learning Process nd Data Frames: Data Frame ook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4	er 3- 3.2 to 3.5 Chalk and board, problem solving Module es, Lists, Special val Chalk and board, Module	Active Learning, Demo e-3 lues, The apply facmily. , Demonstration, proble e-4	em solving

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's		
	Module-5		
Pointers: packages, frames, de bugging, manipulation of code, compilation of the code.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 8- 8.1 to 8.8			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se At the end of the course the student			
	amental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises,		
CO 2. To demonstrations, and			
	mming language concepts such as data types, iteration,		
	structures, functions, and Boolean operators by writing R programs		
and through examples			
	lata formats into R using R-Studio		
	for in preparation for analyze.		
Assessment Details (both CIE and	SEE)		
The weightage of Continuous Inter	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is		
50%. The minimum passing mark fo	r the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall		
be deemed to have satisfied the aca	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course.		
The student has to secure not less	than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
(SEE).			
Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):		
NOTE: List of experiments to be pro-	epared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above		
CIE marks for the practical course is	50 Marks.		
The split-up of CIE marks for record	/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .		
	uated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up.		
-	he journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by		
	e laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning		
of the practical session.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
-	specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up		
will be evaluated for 10 marks			
• Total marks scored by the stu	dents are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).		
-	tness and submission of record/write-up on time.		
	tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week		
-	• Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week of the semester.		
 In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge 			
	• In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.		
	• The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.		
Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book			
• The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is			
the total CIE marks scored by the stu	laent.		
Semester End Evaluation (SEE):			
	course is 50 Marks		
-	intly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are		
 SEE shall be conducted jo appointed by the University 			
	are to be included for practical examination.		
	and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script		
	y the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation		
rubrics shall be decided join			
Students can pick one ques	stion (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal		

/external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Jones, O., Maillardet. R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.

References:

1. Michael J. Crawley, "Statistics: An Introduction using R", Second edition, Wiley, 2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Wickham, H. & Grolemund, G. (2018). for Data Science. O'Reilly: New York. Available for free at http://r4ds.had.co.nz

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN			
Course Code	21CS51	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of Automata Theory, Formal Languages and compiler design
- CLO 2. Principles Demonstrate Application of Automata Theory and Formal Languages in the field of compiler design
- CLO 3. Develop understanding of computation through Push Down Automata and Turing Machines
- CLO 4. Introduce activities carried out in different phases of Phases compiler
- CLO 5. Identify the undecidability problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Automata Theory: Central Concepts of Automata theory, Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA), Non- Deterministic Finite Automata(NFA) ,Epsilon- NFA, NFA to DFA Conversion, Minimization of DFA

Introduction to Compiler Design: Language Processors, Phases of Compilers

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.5, Chapter2 – 2.2,2.3,2.5 Chapter4 –4.4 Textbook 2: Chapter1 – 1.1 and 1.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
	Module-2

Regular Expressions and Languages: Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages Not to Be Regular

Lexical Analysis Phase of compiler Design: Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering , Specification of Token, Recognition of Token.

Textbook 1: Chapter3 - 3.1, 3.2, Chapter4- 4.1

Textbook 2: Chapter3- 3.1 to 3.4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration	
	Module-3	
Context Free Grammars: Definitio	n and designing CFGs, Derivations Using a Grammar, Parse Trees,	
	guity, Elimination of Left Recursion, Left Factoring.	
Syntax Analysis Phase of Compile	ers: part-1: Role of Parser, Top-Down Parsing	
Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1.1 to 5 Textbook 2: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Teaching Learning Trocess	Module-4	
Push Down Automata: Definition	of the Pushdown Automata, The Languages of a PDA.	
Tush Down Automata. Demitton	in the rushdown Automata, the Languages of a ruh.	
Syntax Analysis Phase of Compile	ers: Part-2: Bottom-up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: SLR, More	
Powerful LR parsers		
Textbook1: Chapter 6 – 6.1, 6.2		
Textbook2: Chapter 4 – 4.5, 4.6, 4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning	
	Module-5	
6	e: Problems that Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing machine, s for Turing Machine, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine	
problems, Programming rechnique	s for furing Machine, Extensions to the basic furing Machine	
Undecidability : A language That Is	s Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE.	
Other Phases of Compilers: Syntax Directed Translation - Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD's. Intermediate-Code Generation - Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code.		
Code Generation- Issues in the Des	sign of a Code Generator	
Textbook1: Chapter 8 - 8.1, 8.2,8	384 Chanter 9 - 9197	
Textbook1: Chapter 5 – 5.1, 5.2, 6	•	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
Course Outcomes		
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:	
CO 1. Acquire fundamental under	rstanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of	
Computation		
CO 2. Design and develop lexical analyzers, parsers and code generators		
CO 3. Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become		
knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative		
powers.		
CO 4. Acquire fundamental understanding of the structure of a Compiler and Apply concepts automata		
theory and Theory of Computation to design Compilers		
CO 5. Design computations models for problems in Automata theory and adaptation of such model in		
the field of compilers		
Assessment Details (both CIE and	i SEEJ	

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 1. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 2. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

1. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, " Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition, Perason.

Reference:

- 1. Elain Rich, "Automata, Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekaran , 3rd Edition , 'Theory of Computer Science'', PHI, 2012.
- 3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata ", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers,1998.
- 4. K Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/#
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104123/
- 3. https://www.jflap.org/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

		COMPUTER NET	TWORKS	
Course	Code:	21CS52	CIE Marks	50
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
	lours of Pedagogy	40T + 20P	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
	e Objectives:			
CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4	 Fundamentals of data comm Software and hardware inter Application of various physic Communication challenges a ing-Learning Process (Generation) 	rfaces cal components and j nd remedies in the n		
These	and annula Ctuatorian subish t		a laugha tha attainment a	
	are sample Strategies, which to	eachers can use to ac	celerate the attainment of	of the various course
outcom				
1.	Lecturer method (L) need no			lternative effective
	teaching methods could be a	-		
2.	Use of Video/Animation to e	xplain functioning of	various concepts.	
3.	Encourage collaborative (Gr	oup Learning) Learn	ing in the class.	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (High	er order Thinking) q	uestions in the class, whi	ich promotes critical
	thinking.			
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learn			
	thinking skills such as the ab	ility to design, evalu	ate, generalize, and analy	ze information rather
	than simply recall it.			
6.	Introduce Topics in manifold	l representations.		
7.	Show the different ways to s	olve the same proble	em and encourage the stu	dents to come up with
	their own creative ways to s		-	_
8.	Discuss how every concept c		real world - and when th	at's possible, it helps
	improve the students' under			
	1	Module-2	1	
Introd	uction to networks: Network	hardware. Network	software. Reference mo	dels.
Physic	al Layer: Guided transmission	ı media, Wireless tra	nsmission	
The share				
	ook 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to atory Component:	2.3		
1.				
Teachi	ing-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Pr	oblem based learning, De	emonstration
		Module-2	2	
The D	ata link layer: Design issu	es of DLL, Error d	etection and correction	, Elementary data link
	ols, Sliding window protocols.	·		, j
The m	edium access control sublay	er: The channel allo	cation problem, Multiple	access protocols.
Textbo	ook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 ar	nd 4.2		
Labord	ntory Component:			
1.	Implement simple ESS and determine the throughput w	ith respect to transm	nission of packets	AN by simulation and
2. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).				

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-3
The Network Layer:	
Network Layer Design Issues, Rou	ting Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4	
Laboratory Component:	
1. Implement transmission nodes and find the number	of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 er of packets dropped due to congestion in the network.
2. Write a program to find the	ne shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
The Transport Layer: The Trans internet transport protocols.	sport Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.	5.1 to 6.5.7
Laboratory Component:	
1. Implement an Ethernet l window for different sour	LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion
	estion control using leaky bucket algorithm.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-5
Application Layer: Principles o Internet, DNS—The Internet's Dir Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4	f Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the ectory Service.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Course Outcomes (Course Skill	
At the end of the course the stude	-
CO 1. Learn the basic needs of c	
CO 2. Interpret the communicat	
	communication system network components
CO 4. Design communication ne	^
Assessment Details (both CIE ar	
	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
1 0	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	idemic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En	
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	
 First test at the end of 5th Second test at the end of t 	
	e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Marks 4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester	
-	nd of Ath week of the semester
4. First assignment at the er	
4. First assignment at the er	ad of 4 th week of the semester end of 9 th week of the semester

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
- 2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7th Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html</u>
- 2. <u>http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html</u>
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
- 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

Note: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

V Semester

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
Course Code	21CS53	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.			
CLO 2. Practice SQL programn	ning through a va	riety of database proble	ms.

CLO 3. Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database

CLO 4. Design and build database applications for real world problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications.

Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema

architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.

Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Examples

Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-2	

Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.

Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra.

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.

Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-3

SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database

Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop.

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

,	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

	,
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.
- CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan's Database System Concepts 6th EditionTata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of real time Database projects - E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

AR	TIFICIAI	L INTELLIGENCE	AND MACHINE LEAF	RNING		
Course Code		21CS54	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:	T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy40Total Marks100						
redits 03 Exam Hours 03						
Course Learning Objecti CLO 1. Gain a historical p CLO 2. Become familiar CLO 3. Familiarize with	perspectiv with basic	principles of AI to	ward problem solving	process, basics of Decision		
Tree, and probab	ility learn	ing		-		
CLO 4. Understand the w	orking of	Artificial Neural N	letworks and basic conc	epts of clustering		
algorithms		· · · ·]] . · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Teaching-Learning Proc	ess (Gen	eral Instructions)				
effective tead 2. Use of Video, 3. Encourage co 4. Ask at least t critical think 5. Adopt Probled design think information 6. Introduce To 7. Show the different students to co 8. Discuss how	chod (L) n ching met /Animatic ollaboratic hree HOT ing. em Based ing skills s rather tha pics in ma ferent way ome up w every cor	eed not to be only hods could be adop on to explain functi ve (Group Learning (Higher order Thi Learning (PBL), wi such as the ability t un simply recall it. anifold representa ys to solve the sam rith their own creat	a traditional lecture met oted to attain the outcon oning of various concep g) Learning in the class. nking) questions in the o hich fosters students' Ar to design, evaluate, gene tions. e problem with differen tive ways to solve them. d to the real world - and	chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop		
- r - r - ·		Modu				
Introduction: What is AI	Eoundat					
Problem-solving: Proble Search Strategies: Breadtl Textbook 1: Chapter 1- Textbook 1: Chapter 3- 3	n First sea 1.1, 1.2, 1	arch, Depth First Se 1. 3		Solutions, Uninformed		
Teaching-Learning Proc	ess	Chalk and board, A	Active Learning. Problem	based learning		
~		Modu		-		
Informed Search Strateg Introduction to Machine I				nctions.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 3 - Textbook 2: Chapter 1 a		, 3.5.2, 3.6				
Teaching-Learning Proc	ess	Chalk and board, A	Active Learning, Demons	tration		
		Modu	-			
Basics of Learning theory Similarity Based Learning Regression Analysis						

	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
Decision Tree learning	
Bayesian Learning	
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 and 8	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-5
Artificial neural Network	
Clustering Algorithms	
Textbook 2: Chapter 10 and 13	3
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning.
Course Outcomes Course Skill	Set)
At the end of the course the stud	
	searching and reasoning techniques for different applications. ling of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues ne learning.
CO 4. Model the neuron and N	classification algorithms on various dataset and compare results leural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications. clustering algorithm for different pattern
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)
The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	
Continuous Internal Evaluatio Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	n:
	n: ks (duration 01 hour)
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 ⁴	n: ks (duration 01 hour)
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5¹ 2. Second test at the end of 3. Third test at the end of t 	n: ths (duration 01 hour) th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 ⁴ 2. Second test at the end of	n: ths (duration 01 hour) th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5th 2. Second test at the end of 5th 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end 	n: ths (duration 01 hour) th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5th 2. Second test at the end of 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end 5. Second assignment at the end Group discussion/Seminar/quiz (duration 01 hours) OR Suitable 	n: th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester he end of 9 th week of the semester
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 50 2. Second test at the end of 30 3. Third test at the end of to 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end of 50 5. Second assignment at the end of 50 5. Second assignment at the end of 10 Mar 6. At the end of the 13th week 	n: th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks ole Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept ision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc) eek of the semester
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 2. Second test at the end of 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the e 5. Second assignment at the Group discussion/Seminar/quiz (duration 01 hours) OR Suitab given to the students to submit t learning, implementation of deci 6. At the end of the 13 th we	n: ks (duration 01 hour) th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks ole Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept ision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc) eek of the semester gaments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks

method	s of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	thods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonom the outcome defined for the course.
Semest	er End Examination:
-	SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question for the subject (duration 03 hours)
1.	The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2.	There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
The stu	dents have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Suggest	ted Learning Resources:
Textbo	oks
	Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence, 3 rd Edition, Pearson,2015 S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021
Refere	
1. 2.	Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3 rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill,2013 George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011
3.	Tom Michel, Machine Learning, McGrawHill Publication.
Weblin	ks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
2.	https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systemsud409
3.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
4.	https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence
5.	https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence
6.	https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/
7.	https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/
8.	https://www.javatpoint.com/decision-tree-induction
9.	https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml- decision-tree/tutorial/
	https://www.ievetpeint.com/www.emicod.emificial_neural_networks
10.	https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks

Role play for strategies– DFS & BFS, Outlier detection in Banking and insurance transaction for identifying fraudulent behaviour etc. Uncertainty and reasoning Problem- reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule

E	DATABASE MANAGEMEN'	Γ SYSTEMS LA	BORATORY WITH MI	NI PROJECT
Course Cod		21CSL55	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hour	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03
Course Lear	rning Objectives:			
CLO 1. Fou	Indation knowledge in databa	ase concepts, tec	hnology and practice to g	groom students into
wel	l-informed database applicat	tion developers.		
CLO 2. Stro	ong practice in SQL programn	ning through a va	ariety of database problem	ms.
	elop database applications us		• •	
Sl. No.		-	ning (Max. Exam Marks	. 50)
	Design, develop, and impler Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Serv Create Schema and insert ar constraints.	ver, or any other	DBMS under LINUX/Wir	idows environment.
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation	of tables, applyir	ng the view concepts on the	e tables.
	copies in each Programme, e 2. Get the particulars of from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. 3. Delete a book in BOOF data manipulation operation 4. Partition the BOOK tal with a simple query. 5. Create a view of all bo the Library. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/y	sher_Name, Pub Author_Name) s, Phone) ogramme_id, No- programme_id, C ogramme_id, Pro books in the libra tc. borrowers who have table. Update the ble based on year oks and its numb	_Year) of_Copies) ard_No, Date_Out, Due_D ogramme_Name, Address ry – id, title, name of publi ave borrowed more than 3 e contents of other tables t of publication. Demonstra er of copies that are curren	s) sher, authors, number of books, but to reflect this ate its working
2	https://www.youtube.com/v Aim: Discuss the various con			
	Program: Consider the follow SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Na CUSTOMER(Customer_id, C ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase Write SQL queries to Count the customers with gra 2. Find the name and num 3. List all the salesman and (Use UNION operation.) 4. Create a view that finds 5. Demonstrate the DELET also be deleted.	ving schema for O ame, City, Comm Sust_Name, City, G _Amt, Ord_Date, ades above Banga bers of all salesma d indicate those w the salesman who	rder Database: ission) Grade, Salesman_id) Customer_id, Salesman_ lore's average. an who had more than one who have and don't have cu	id) e customer. Istomers in their cities e highest order of a day.
	Reference: https://www.youtube.com	n/watch?v=AA-KI	L <u>1jbMeY</u>	

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7S_tz1z_5bA
3	Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations.
	Drogram, Canaidar the ashere for Maria Database.
	Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database: ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)
	DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)
	MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id)
	MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role)
	RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars)
	Write SQL queries to
	1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.
	2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015(use JOIN
	operation).
	4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find
	the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by
	movie title.
	5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.
	Reference:
	https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=hSiCUNVKIAo
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkFz84
4	Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table.
	Program: Consider the schema for College Database:
	STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender) SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)
	CLASS(USN, SSID)
	COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)
	IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)
	Write SQL queries to
	1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section.
	2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section.
	3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all Courses.
	4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table
	for all students.
	5. Categorize students based on the following criterion:
	If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding'
	If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average' If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = 'Weak'
	Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students.
	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=horURQewW9c
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk
5	Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting queries and also EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords.
	Program: Consider the schema for Company Database:
	EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)
	DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)
	DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)
	PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)
	WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)
	Write SQL queries to Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott'
	Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott',
	either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

	Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent				
	raise.				
	Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the				
	maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department				
	Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).				
	For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and				
	the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000.				
	Reference:				
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts				
Pedagogy					
	learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk				
	PART B				
	Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more				
	tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.				
Course Out	comes:				
At the end o	of the course the student will be able to:				
CO 1. Crea	CO 1. Create, Update and query on the database.				
CO 2. Dem	CO 2. Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS				
CO 3. Imp	CO 3. Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.				

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.

In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

ANGULAR JS AND NODE JS					
	(Practical ba		50		
Course Code:	21CSL581	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
otal No. of Hours12T + 12PTotal Marks100redita01Even Hours02					
Credits Course Objectives: The stude	01	Exam Hours	02		
-					
CLO 1. To learn the basics of	_				
CLO 2. To understand the An	•				
CLO 3. To implement Forms,	-				
CLO 4. To implement Directiv					
CLO 5. To understand basics					
Teaching-Learning Process	(General Instructions)				
These are sample Strategies, w outcomes.	which teachers can use to a	ccelerate the attainment of th	ne various course		
	need not to be only a tradit	ional lecture method, but alte	ernative effective		
	ld be adopted to attain the				
-	on to explain functioning o				
-		•			
•	ive (Group Learning) Learn	-			
4. Ask at least three HO7 thinking.	(Higher order Thinking) (questions in the class, which	promotes critical		
5. Adopt Problem Based	Learning (PBL), which fos	ters students' Analytical skill	s, develop design		
-		•			
than simply recall it.	thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it				
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different logic and encourage the					
students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.					
 Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 					
improve the students					
	Module-				
Introduction To Angular JS : Directives and Controllers.	Introduction – Features –	Angular JSModel-View-Cont	roller – Expression -		
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning					
Module-2					
Angular JS Modules: Arrays	-Working with ng-model -	- Working with Forms – For	m Validation – Error		
Handling with Forms – Nested	Forms with ng-form – Oth	er Form Controls.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, practical based l	earning		
Module-3					
Directives& Building Databa	ises:				
Part I- Filters - Using Filters	s in Controllers and Servi	ces – Angular JS Services –	Internal Angular JS		
Services – Custom Angular JS S	Services				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, practical based l	earning		
Module-4					
Directives& Building Databa	ises:				
Part-II- Directives - Alternat	ives to Custom Directives	- Understanding the Basic of	options – Interacting		
with Server –HTTP Services – Building Database, Front End and BackEnd					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning					
Module-5		0,1	0		
Introduction to NODE .JS:	Introduction -Using the T	erminals – Editors –Buildin	g a Webserver with		
Node – The HTTPModule – Vie	-		0		

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Adam Freeman ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
- 2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green "AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014. **Reference Books**
 - 1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
 - 2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modeling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to Angular JS : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE</u>
- 2. Angular JS Modules : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWm0KmgnQkU</u>
- 3. Directives& Building Databases: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R_okHflzgm0</u>
- 4. Introduction to NODE .JS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

	C# AND .N	ET FRAMEWORK	
Course Code:	21CS582	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total No. of Hours	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understand the basics CLO 2. Learn the variables an CLO 3. Know the object-orien CLO 4. Learn the basic structur CLO 5. Learn to create a simp Teaching-Learning Process (These are sample Strategies, w outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) m teaching methods cou 2. Use of Video/Animatic 3. Encourage collaborati 4. Ask at least three HOT thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based thinking skills such as than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in m 7. Show the different wa	of C# and .NET d constants of C# ted aspects and app are of .NET framew le project of .NET C General Instruction hich teachers can u eed not to be only a ld be adopted to att on to explain function ve (Group Learning (Higher order Thin Learning (PBL), wh the ability to design anifold representat ys to solve the same	plications. ork. fore ons) use to accelerate the attainme a traditional lecture method, l cain the outcomes. oning of various concepts. () Learning in the class. nking) questions in the class, nich fosters students' Analytic n, evaluate, generalize, and ar ions. e problem with different circu	nt of the various course but alternative effective which promotes critical cal skills, develop design halyze information rather
	icept can be applied	reative ways to solve them. d to the real world - and when	n that's possible, it helps
mprove the students	0	odule-1	
Introduction to C#	IV]		
Part-I: Understanding C#, Branching, Looping, Methods,			s, Operators, Expressions,
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning	5	
	 M	lodule-2	
Part-II: Constants, Arrays, Arrand unboxing.			ture, Enumerations, boxing
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning		
Object Oriented Concepts-I: Class, Objects, Constructors polymorphism.		l odule-3 nheritance, properties, ind	exers, index overloading,
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning	5	
	M	lodule-4	
Object Oriented Concepts-II:		-	

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Module-5

Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK:

Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.

Teaching-Learning Process Active learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C#
- CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications.
- CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
- CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Sugges	ted Learning Resources:
Textbo	ooks
1.	Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference: C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
2.	Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.
Refere	nce Books
1.	Andrew Troelsen , "Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.
2.	Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth Edition, O"Reilly, 2010.
Webli	ıks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	Introduction to C# : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90</u>
2.	Object Oriented Concepts : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0</u>
3.	.NET FRAMEWORK : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE</u>
Tutori	al Link:
1.	https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp
2.	https://www.w3schools.com/cs/index.php
3.	https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

			G & PROJECT MANA	
Course Cod		21CS61	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
	arning Objectives			
CLU .	 Outline software enginee programs. Identify ethica Software Engineers. 			
CLO 3	2. Describe the process of r	equirement gat	hering, requirement clas	sification, requirement
	specification and require			
CLO 3	3. Infer the fundamentals o			system models, use UML
	diagrams and apply desig	gn patterns.		-
	4. Explain the role of DevOp			
	5. Discuss various types of			
	6. Recognize the importanc			
CLO '	7. Identify software quality	•	1 0	
	metrics. List software qu		and outline the practices	sinvolved
Teaching-l	Learning Process (Genera	I Instructions)		
outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than s Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways t	s could be adop o explain functi Group Learning igher order Thin rning (PBL), wh n as the ability t imply recall it. Fold representat	ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept () Learning in the class. hking) questions in the c hich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions.	ies. is. lass, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze
	encourage the students to			
8.	Discuss how every concep	ot can be applied	d to the real world - and	when that's possible, it
	helps improve the studen			
	r r r	Modu	8	
engineering Models, Pro	on: The evolving role of a g, A Process Framework, Process Technology, Product a	software, Softw rocess Patterns	vare, The changing nat	
Textbook	1: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3			
	lodels: Prescriptive mode dels, Specialized process m		nodel, Incremental pro	cess models, Evolutionar

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)**

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning			
6 6	Module-2			
development? OO Themes; Eviden as Design technique: Modelling, Concept, Link and associations	pts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO ace for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, uction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams			
Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3				
	Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling sis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based odel.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8	3			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration			
	Module-3			
	Approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for egies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing,			
Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to	13.7			
Agile Methodology & DevOps: Be	efore Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,			
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
Module-4				
by Software Project Managemer Software Projects, Stakeholders,	ment: ance of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered at, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing , Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, ntrol, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project			
Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.1				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration			
	Module-5			
	Then to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, vard Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, rity on Arrow Networks.			
Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.1	16			
	re quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software ty management systems, process capability models, techniques to plans.			

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the $10^{\rm th}$ week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill

Education, 2018.

- 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley.
- 5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

Reference:

1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs68/preview</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFII</u>
- 3. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php</u>
- 4. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html</u>
- 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/</u> (DevOps)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Case study, Field visit

	FULLSTACK DEVE	LOPMENT				
Course Code	21CS62	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100			
Credits 04 Exam Hours 03						
 <u>Credits</u> <u>Course Learning Objectives:</u> CLO 1.Explain the use of lear CLO 2.Make use of rapid app CLO 3.Illustrate Models, View development. CLO 4.Demonstrate the use of CLO 5.Design and implement <u>Teaching-Learning Process (Ger</u> These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) does teaching methods may be 2. Show Video/animation fil 3. Encourage collaborative (4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Lea thinking skills such as the simply recall it. 6. Topics will be introduced 7. Show the different ways to 	ning full stack web de lication development i vs and Templates with f state management a Django apps containi teral Instructions) n teachers can use to a not mean only traditi adopted to develop th ms to explain functior Group Learning) Lear gher order Thinking) rning (PBL), which for ability to evaluate, ge in a multiple represer	velopment. in the design of response in their connectivity in Dj nd admin interfaces aut ng dynamic pages with s accelerate the attainmen onal lecture method, but he outcomes. ning of various concepts. ning in the class. questions in the class, w sters students' Analytica neralize, and analyze info	ive web pages. ango for full stack web omation in Django. SQL databases. It of the various course t different type of which promotes critical al skills, develop formation rather than			
	with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps					
improve the students' und			-			
Mo	odule-1: MVC based	Web Designing				
Web framework, MVC Design Patte Django URL Confs and Loose Coup Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chap Laboratory Component:	ling, Errors in Django,		-			
1. Installation of Python, Dja	ngo and Visual Studio	code editors can be den	nonstrated			
 Creation of virtual enviror 	-					
3. Develop a Django app tha			uteu			
			four hours before co			
4. Develop a Django app that		ie iour nours anead and	iour nours before as			
an offset of current date a						
Feaching-Learning Process	 PPT/Prezi Prezi P	on using Visual Studio C resentation for Architect of all concepts with simp	ture and Design			
	ule-2: Django Templ		m 1 m·1			
Template System Basics, Using Development Pattern, Template Lo		-	-			

Configuring Databases Defer	
ι οπησημικό Παταρασός Ποτιρίου	and Implementing Models, Basic Data Access, Adding Model String
	ting data, Selecting and deleting objects, Schema Evolution
Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chap	
Laboratory Component:	
· ·	app that displays an unordered list of fruits and ordered list of
selected students for an e	
	ith a suitable header (containing navigation menu) and footer with
	information. Inherit this layout.html and create 3 additional pages:
	Home page of any website.
	at performs student registration to a course. It should also display list
	r any selected course. Create students and course as models with
enrolment as ManyToMa	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
reaching-Learning Frotess	 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	,
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Case Study: Apply concepts learnt for an Online Ticket
	Booking System
	: Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms
8	ng Admin Interfaces, Customizing Admin Interfaces, Reasons to use
Admin Interfaces.	
	lback forms, Form submissions, custom validation, creating Model
Forms, URLConf Ticks, Including	Other URLConfs.
Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 7 and 8 Laboratory Component:	3
	e models created in Lab experiment for Module2, register admin
	ations and illustrate data entry through admin forms.
	or student that contains his topic chosen for project, languages used
Develop a Model form for and duration with a model	
and duration with a mon	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns
Teaching-Learning Process	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4:	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4:	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views.	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views.	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views.	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HT	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication.
Teaching-Learning Process Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HT framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication.
Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HTI framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Laboratory Component: 1. For students enrolment of	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication. 12 developed in Module 2, create a generic class view which displays list
Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HTI framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Laboratory Component: 1. For students enrolment of	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication. 12
Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HTM framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Laboratory Component: 1. For students enrolment of students and detailview	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication. 12 developed in Module 2, create a generic class view which displays list
Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HTM framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Laboratory Component: 1. For students enrolment of students and detailview	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication. 12 developed in Module 2, create a generic class view which displays list w that displays student details for any selected student in the list. app that performs CSV and PDF generation for any models created in
Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HTI framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Laboratory Component: 1. For students enrolment of students and detailview 2. Develop example Django previous laboratory component	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication. 12 developed in Module 2, create a generic class view which displays list w that displays student details for any selected student in the list. app that performs CSV and PDF generation for any models created in
Module-4: Using Generic Views, Generic View Views. MIME Types, Generating Non-HT framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and Laboratory Component: 1. For students enrolment of students and detailview 2. Develop example Django	 Demonstration using Visual Studio Code PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns Live coding of all concepts with simple examples Generic Views and Django State Persistence ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap ers and Authentication. 12 developed in Module 2, create a generic class view which displays list w that displays student details for any selected student in the list. app that performs CSV and PDF generation for any models created in ponent.

	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Project Work: Implement all concepts learnt for Student
	Admission Management.
	5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django
	LHttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of
	Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in
Django	
Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7.	
Laboratory Component:	
1. Develop a registration pa	age for student enrolment as done in Module 2 but without page
refresh using AJAX.	
	tion in Django using AJAX that displays courses enrolled by a student
being searched.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Case Study: Apply the use of AJAX and jQuery for
Course outcome (Course Chill Co	development of EMI calculator.
Course outcome (Course Skill Se At the end of the course the studer	-
	of MVT based full stack web development with Django.
-	Forms for rapid development of web pages.
	ate Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web
applications.	are inferitance and deneric views for developing fun stack web
	ork libraries to render nonHTML contents like CSV and PDF.
CO 5. Perform jQuery based AJA	X integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web
applications,	
Assessment Details (both CIE an	ud SEE)
-	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is
	k for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A studen
	the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each
	cures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end
, ,	

examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE

(Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will be set for 100 marks. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009
- 2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011

Reference Books

- 1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020
- 2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018
- 3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3rd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020
- 4. Arun Ravindran, Django Design Patterns and Best Practices, 2nd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020.
- 5. Julia Elman, Mark Lavin, Light weight Django, David A. Bell, 1st Edition, Oreily Publications, 2014

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. MVT architecture with Django: <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials</u>
- 2. Using Python in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao</u>
- 3. Model Forms with Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE</u>
- 4. Real time Interactions in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k</u>
- 5. AJAX with Django for beginners: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.

Short Preamble on Full Stack Web Development:

Website development is a way to make people aware of the services and/or products they are offering, understand why the products are relevant and even necessary for them to buy or use, and highlight the striking qualities that set it apart from competitors. Other than commercial reasons, a website is also needed for quick and dynamic information delivery for any domain. Development of a well-designed, informative, responsive and dynamic website is need of the hour from any computer science and related engineering graduates. Hence, they need to be augmented with skills to use technology and framework which can help them to develop elegant websites. Full Stack developers are in need by many companies, who knows and can develop all pieces of web application (Front End, Back End and business logic). MVT based development with Django is the cutting-edge framework for Full Stack Web Development. Python has become an easier language to use for many applications. Django based framework in Python helps a web developer to utilize framework and develop rapidly responsive and secure web applications.

	SOFTWARE T		
Course Code	21IS63	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
 Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1. Explain different testing teached of the cLO 2. Differentiate the various teached of the cLO 3. Apply suitable technique for CLO 4. Analyze the problem and description of the close of th	sting techniques. or designing of flow greive suitable test case eral Instructions) teacher can use to account the store of the store o	celerate the attainment of onal lecture method, but d e outcomes. ing of various concepts. ning in the class. questions in the class, wh ters students' Analytical s	lifferent type of hich promotes critical skills, develop thinking
 it. 6. Topics will be introduced in 7. Show the different ways to their own creative ways to 8. Discuss how every concept improve the students' under 	solve the same probles solve them. can be applied to the	em and encourage the stu	-
	Module-	1	
Basics of Software Testing: Huma Correctness, Correctness versus Re Test-generation Strategies, Static To A Perspective on Testing: Definit Error and fault taxonomies, Levels of Examples: Generalized pseudocor problem, the SATM system, the Cur	liability, Testing and l esting. ions, Test Cases, Insi of testing. de, the Triangle pro	Debugging, Test Metrics, ' ghts from Venn Diagram oblem, the NextDate fur	Testing and Verification , Identifying Test Cases
Textbook 1:Ch1,Ch2 Textbook 2: Teaching-Learning Process		1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 1.11, 1.12 d/Project based Learning	5
	Module-	2	
Functional Testing: Boundary Va testing, Special Value Testing, Exam	lue Testing - Bounda	ry value analysis, Robust	ness testing, Worst-case
Equivalence Class Testing - Equivalence			the triangle problem
NextDate function, and the commiss	sion problem, Guideli	nes and observations,	

Teaching-Learning Process	
Structural Tecting: Overview	Module-3 v, Statement testing, Program testing, Condition testing,
Structural resting. Over view	v, statement testing, i rogram testing, condition testing,
Path testing - DD paths, Test	coverage metrics, Basis path testing, guidelines and observations,
Dataflow testing: Definition-	Use testing, Slice-based testing, Guidelines and observations.
Textbook 1: Ch 9,10 Textboo	ok 2:Ch. 6.2.1, 6.2.4
Teaching-Learning Process	
	Module-4
Levels of Testing: Tradition Separating integration and sys	aal view of testing levels, Alternative life-cycle models, The SATM systen stem testing.
Integration Testing: A close based integrations.	er look at the SATM system, Decomposition-based, call graph-based, Path
Textbook 1: Ch. 12 & 13.1,13	3.2,13.3,13.4
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method/Project based Learning
	Module-5
	quirement Specification, Finding Threads, Structural strategies for thread tem testing guidelines, ASF testing example.
Interaction Testing: Context determinism, Client/Server Te	t of interaction, A taxonomy of interactions, Interaction, composition, and resting
Textbook 1: Ch 14,15	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method/Project based Learning
Course Outcomes: At the end of the course stude	ents should be able to:
CO 2. Apply the concepts of CO 3. Analyze the importan CO 4. Evaluate the suitable	nce of software testing and quality assurance in software development f software testing to assess the most appropriate testing method. nce of testing in software development. testing model to derive test cases for any given software document for the software artefact.
The minimum passing mark a deemed to have satisfied the course if the student secures (SEE), and a minimum of 40 ⁰	IE and SEE) Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject a not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examinatio % (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internater End Examination) taken together.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Continuous Internal Evaluat	tion:
C ontinuous Internal Evalua t Three Unit Tests each of 20 M	tion:
Continuous Internal Evaluat Three Unit Tests each of 20 M 1. First test at the end of	tion: Iarks (duration 01 hour)
Continuous Internal Evaluat Three Unit Tests each of 20 M 1. First test at the end of 2. Second test at the end	tion: Iarks (duration 01 hour) If 5 th week of the semester
Continuous Internal Evaluat Three Unit Tests each of 20 M 1. First test at the end of 2. Second test at the end 3. Third test at the end of	tion: Iarks (duration 01 hour) If 5 th week of the semester d of the 10 th week of the semester of the 15 th week of the semester
Continuous Internal Evaluat Three Unit Tests each of 20 M 1. First test at the end of 2. Second test at the end 3. Third test at the end of Two assignments each of 10 M	tion: Iarks (duration 01 hour) If 5 th week of the semester d of the 10 th week of the semester of the 15 th week of the semester
Continuous Internal Evaluat Three Unit Tests each of 20 M 1. First test at the end of 2. Second test at the end 3. Third test at the end Two assignments each of 10 M 4. First assignment at the	tion: Iarks (duration 01 hour) If 5 th week of the semester d of the 10 th week of the semester of the 15 th week of the semester Marks
Continuous Internal Evaluat Three Unit Tests each of 20 M 1. First test at the end of 2. Second test at the end 3. Third test at the end of Two assignments each of 10 M 4. First assignment at th 5. Second assignment at	tion: Iarks (duration 01 hour) If 5 th week of the semester d of the 10 th week of the semester of the 15 th week of the semester Marks he end of 4 th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Paul C. Jorgensen: Software Testing, A Craftsman"s Approach, 3rd Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2008.
- 2. Aditya P Mathur: Foundations of Software Testing, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books:

- 1. Mauro Pezze, Michal Young: Software Testing and Analysis Process, Principles and Techniques, Wiley India, 2009.
- 2. Software testing Principles and Practices Gopalaswamy Ramesh, Srinivasan Desikan, 2 nd Edition, Pearson, 2007.
- 3. Software Testing Ron Patton, 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 4. The Craft of Software Testing Brian Marrick, Pearson Education, 1995.
- 5. Anirban Basu, Software Quality Assurance, Testing and Metrics, PHI, 2015.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105150/
- 2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cs71/preview
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OGImfxO2TEU&t=10s
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q50ZyydS7pI
- 5. VTU e-Shikshana Program
- 6. VTU EDUSAT Program

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Flip Class

- Seminar/Poster Presentation
- Role play/Team Demonstration/Collaborative Activity
- Mini Project
- Case study
- Learn by Doing

AGILE TECHNOLOGIES			
Course Code	21CS641	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Ohiostines.			

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1.	To understand basics of agile technologies
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- CLO 2. To explain XP Lifecycle, XP Concepts and Adopting XP
- CLO 3. To Evaluate on Pair Programming, Root-Cause Analysis, Retrospectives, Planning, Incremental Requirements and Customer Tests
- CLO 4. To become Mastering in Agility
- CLO 5. To provide well Deliver Value

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Why Agile? : Understanding Success, Beyond Deadlines, The Importance of Organizational Success, Enter Agility, How to Be Agile?: Agile Methods, Don't Make Your Own Method, The Road to Mastery, Find a Mentor.

The Genesis of Agile, Introduction and background, Agile Manifesto, and Principles, Simple Design, User Stories, Agile Testing, Agile Tools

Textbook 1: Part I – Ch 1, Ch 2.

Textbook 2: Ch 1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning
	https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview
	Module-2

Understanding XP: The XP Lifecycle, The XP Team, XP Concepts, Adopting XP: Is XP Right for Us?, Go!,

Assess Your Agility

Overview of Extreme Programming, The Practices of Extreme Programming, Conclusion, Bibliography, Planning Initial Exploration, Release Planning, Iteration Planning, Defining "Done", Task Planning Iterating, Tracking.

Textbook 1: Part I: Ch 3, Ch 4.

Textbook 3:	Section	1 · Ch 1	
I CALDOUR J.	Section	I . UI I	

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning
	https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview

Module-3

Practicing XP: Thinking: Pair Programming, Energized Work, Informative Workspace, Root Cause Analysis, Retrospectives,

Collaborating: Trust, Sit Together, Real Customer Involvement, Ubiquitous Language, Stand-Up Meetings, Coding Standards, Iteration Demo, Reporting,

Releasing: "Done Done", No Bugs, Version Control, Ten-Minute Build, Continuous Integration, Collective Code Ownership, Documentation. Planning: Vision, Release Planning, The Planning Game, Risk Management, Iteration Planning, Slack, Stories, Estimating. Developing: Incremental requirements, Customer Tests, Test-Driven Development, Refactoring, Simple Design, Incremental Design and Architecture, Spike Solutions, Performance Optimization, Exploratory Testing

Textbook 1: Part II: Ch 5, Ch 6, Ch 7, Ch 8, Ch 9.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration
reaching Learning recess	Shah and Sourd, Schonstration
	https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE
	http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html
	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview
	Module-4

Module-4

Mastering Agility : Values and Principles: Commonalities, About Values, Principles, and Practices, Further Reading, Improve the Process: Understand Your Project, Tune and Adapt, Break the Rules, Rely on People :Build Effective Relationships, Let the Right People Do the Right Things, Build the Process for the People, Eliminate Waste :Work in Small, Reversible Steps, Fail Fast, Maximize Work Not Done, Pursue Throughput

Textbook 1: Part III- Ch 10, Ch 11, Ch 12, Ch 13.

Teaching Learning Dreams	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
	https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE
	http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html
	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview
	Module-5
Deliver Value: Exploit Your Ag	ility, Only Releasable Code Has Value, Deliver Business Results, Deliver
Frequently, Seek Technical Excel	lence: Software Doesn't Exist, Design Is for Understanding, Design Trade-
offs, Quality with a Name, Gre	eat Design, Universal Design Principles, Principles in Practice, Pursue
Mastery	

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
	https://www.nptelvideos.com/video.php?id=904
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x90kIAFGYKE
	http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/110104073/L02.html
	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_mg30/preview
Course outcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end of the course the stud	lent will be able to:

CO 1. Understand the fundamentals of agile technologies

CO 2. Explain XP Lifecycle, XP Concepts and Adopting XP

- CO 3. Apply different techniques on Practicing XP, Collaborating and Releasing
- CO 4. Analyze the Values and Principles of Mastering Agility
- CO 5. Demonstrate the agility to deliver good values

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a

maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. James shore, Chromatic, O'Reilly, The Art of Agile Development, 2007

Reference Books

- 1. Ken Schawber, Mike Beedle, "Agile Software Development with Scrum", Pearson, 2008
- 2. Agile-Principles-Patterns-and-Practices-in-C by Robert C Martin & Mic Martin.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): Model wise mentioned

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of the project based on Agile technologies.

	ADVANCED JAVA PROGRAMMING				
Course Code		21CS642	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100	
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Lea	rning Objectives				
CLO 1	I. Understanding the fun	damental concent	s of Fnumerations and A	Annotations	
	2. Apply the concepts of			intotations	
	CLO 3. Demonstrate the fundamental concepts of String operations				
	CLO 4. Design and develop web applications using Java servlets and JSP				
CLO 5	5. Apply database interac	ction through Java	database Connectivity		
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)			
These are s	ample Strategies which t	eachers can use to	a accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course	
outcomes.	ample Strategies, which t	eachers can use u		ent of the various course	
	Lasturar mathed (L) no	ad not to be only	a traditional lecture met	had but alternative	
1.		-			
2			oted to attain the outcom		
2.		-	oning of various concept	ts.	
3.	Encourage collaborativ				
4.		(Higher order Thi	nking) questions in the c	class, which promotes	
_	critical thinking.				
5.	-	••••	nich fosters students' An	-	
		-	o design, evaluate, gener	ralize, and analyze	
	information rather than				
6.	Introduce Topics in ma	-			
7.	Show the different way	s to solve the sam	e program		
8.	-		d to the real world - and	when that's possible, it	
	helps improve the stud	ents' understandi	ng.		
		Modu	le-1		
Enumeratio class types, Autoboxing Autoboxing Annotations reflection,	enumerations inherits E /Unboxing occurs in E /Unboxing helps preven s, Annotation basics, spe	amentals, the valu num, example, typ xpressions, Auto t errors, A word o cifying retention	be wrappers, Autoboxing boxing/Unboxing, Bool f warning policy, obtaining annota	nods, Java enumerations are g, Autoboxing methods, lean and character values, ations at run time by use of nnotations, Single member	
Textbook 1	l: Chapter12				
		Chalk and board,	Online demonstration, I	Problem based learning	
		Modu	le-2		
The Genera Creating a	l Form of a Generic Cla	ss, Bounded Type Interfaces, Raw	es, Using Wildcard Argu	with Two Type Parameters, ments, Bounded Wildcards, , Generic Class Hierarchies,	
	Textbook 1: Chapter 14				
Teaching-L	earning Process		Online Demonstration		
		Modu			
String Han	dling: The String Constr	uctors, String Len	gth, Special String Opera	ations, Character Extraction,	

String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder		
Textbook 1: Chapter 15		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration	
	Module-4	
Reading servlet parameter; the jav Cookies; Session Tracking, Java S	vlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package vax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects	
Textbook 2: Chapter 11		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration	
	Module-5	
	Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database BC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Data Types; Exceptions.	
Textbook 2: Chapter 6		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration	
Course Outcomes		
At the end of the course the studer	nt will be able to:	
	nental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations	
CO 2. Apply the concepts of Gen		
CO 3. Demonstrate the concepts		
	ations using Java servlets and JSP	
	ction and transaction processing in Java	
The minimum passing mark for t deemed to have satisfied the aca course if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (4	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination 0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En	, .	
Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks		
1. First test at the end of 5 th		
	he 10 th week of the semester	
	e 15 th week of the semester	
Two assignments each of 10 Mark		
-	d of 4 th week of the semester	
-	end of 9 th week of the semester	
	ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$	
Marks (duration 01 hours) 6. At the end of the 13 th week	k of the compoten	
	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be scaled down to 50 ma		
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).	
	is to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy	
as per the outcome defined for t		
Semester End Examination:		

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007. **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Programming exercises

Course Code			A WAREHOUSING	
Toochin ~ II-		21IS643	CIE Marks	50
reaching HC	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		3	Exam Hours	3 Hrs
CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3. CLO 4. CLO 5.	rning Objectives: Introduction to general i Understanding of the dif The role and functions o Explain the stages and p Learn mining and wareh earning Process (Genera	ferent architectures an f Data Warehouse and rocess different data m ouse techniques throu	d mining techniques Data Mining	3
These are sa 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	ample Strategies, which tea Lecturer method (L) need teaching methods could b Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (H thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea thinking skills such as the simply recall it. Introduce Topics in mani	achers can use to accele d not to be only a tradit be adopted to attain the co explain functioning of (Group Learning) Learn ligher order Thinking) arning (PBL), which fos e ability to design, evalu- fold representations. to solve the same probl	of various concepts. ning in the class. questions in the class, whic sters students' Analytical sk uate, generalize, and analyz lem with different circuits/	lternative effective h promotes critical tills, develop design te information rather than
8.	Discuss how every conce improve the students' un	derstanding.	e real world - and when tha	t's possible, it helps
Data Mar-1	Anna, Introduction to De	Module-	1 nces between operational (databasa avatama and J-t
Ware House	e, Data Ware House chara tion-Loading, Logical (Mu	icteristics, Data Ware ulti- Dimensional), Da	House Architecture and its ta Modeling, Schema Des	s components, Extraction
Schema, Fac Dimension 7 OLAP Server Textbook 2	Гable characteristics; Fact r Architecture-ROLAP, MO : Ch.4.1,4.2	-Less-Facts, Dimension LAP and HOLAP. alk and talk method, Po	n Table characteristics; OLA	Measures; Fact Less-Facts AP cube, OLAP Operations
Schema, Fac Dimension 7 OLAP Server Textbook 2 Teaching-L	Fable characteristics; Fact r Architecture-ROLAP, MO : Ch.4.1,4.2 earning Process Cha	-Less-Facts, Dimension LAP and HOLAP. alk and talk method, Po Module-	n Table characteristics; OLA werPoint Presentation, De 2	Measures; Fact Less-Facts AP cube, OLAP Operations monstration
Schema, Fac Dimension 7 OLAP Server Textbook 2 Teaching-L Introductio Data Prepr Discretizatio Textbook 2	Fable characteristics; Fact r Architecture-ROLAP, MO : Ch.4.1,4.2 earning Process Characteristics; Fact on to Data Mining: Introd rocessing- Data Cleaning on and Binarization, Data : Ch.4.4	-Less-Facts, Dimension LAP and HOLAP. alk and talk method, Po Module- uction, what is Data Mi g, Missing Data, Dim Fransformation; Measu	n Table characteristics; OLA	Measures; Fact Less-Facts AP cube, OLAP Operations monstration lenges, Data Mining Tasks eature Subset Selection
Schema, Fac Dimension 7 OLAP Server Textbook 2 Teaching-L Introductio Data Prepr Discretizatio Textbook 2 Textbook 1	Fable characteristics; Fact r Architecture-ROLAP, MO : Ch.4.1,4.2 earning Process Characteristics; Characteristics; Fact on to Data Mining: Introd rocessing- Data Cleaning on and Binarization, Data T : Ch.4.4 : Ch.1.1,1.2,1.4, 2.1 to 2.4	-Less-Facts, Dimension LAP and HOLAP. alk and talk method, Po Module- uction, what is Data Mi g, Missing Data, Dim Fransformation; Measu	n Table characteristics; OLA owerPoint Presentation, De 2 ning, Definition, KDD, Chal tensionality Reduction, F tres of similarity and Dissin	Measures; Fact Less-Facts AP cube, OLAP Operations monstration lenges, Data Mining Tasks eature Subset Selection nilarity-Basics.
Schema, Fac Dimension 7 OLAP Server Textbook 2 Teaching-L Introductio Data Prepr Discretizatio Textbook 2	Fable characteristics; Fact r Architecture-ROLAP, MO : Ch.4.1,4.2 earning Process Characteristics; Characteristics; Fact on to Data Mining: Introd rocessing- Data Cleaning on and Binarization, Data T : Ch.4.4 : Ch.1.1,1.2,1.4, 2.1 to 2.4	-Less-Facts, Dimension LAP and HOLAP. Alk and talk method, Po Module- uction, what is Data Mi ty, Missing Data, Dim Fransformation; Measu	n Table characteristics; OLA owerPoint Presentation, De 2 ning, Definition, KDD, Chal nensionality Reduction, F ares of similarity and Dissin owerPoint Presentation, De	Measures; Fact Less-Facts AP cube, OLAP Operations monstration lenges, Data Mining Tasks eature Subset Selection nilarity-Basics.
Schema, Fac Dimension 7 OLAP Server Textbook 2 Teaching-L Introductio Data Prepr Discretizatio Textbook 2 Textbook 1 Pedagogy: Association	Fable characteristics; Fact r Architecture-ROLAP, MO : Ch.4.1,4.2 earning Process Characteristics; Characteristics; Fact on to Data Mining: Introd rocessing- Data Cleaning on and Binarization, Data T :: Ch.4.4 : Ch.1.1,1.2,1.4, 2.1 to 2.4 Characteristics; Association Ar	-Less-Facts, Dimension LAP and HOLAP. alk and talk method, Po Module - uction, what is Data Mi t, Missing Data, Dim Fransformation; Measu alk and talk method, Po <u>Module</u> - nalysis: Problem Defini	n Table characteristics; OLA owerPoint Presentation, De 2 ning, Definition, KDD, Chal nensionality Reduction, F ares of similarity and Dissin owerPoint Presentation, De	Measures; Fact Less-Facts AP cube, OLAP Operations monstration lenges, Data Mining Tasks eature Subset Selection nilarity-Basics. monstration neration, Rule generation

Module-4 Module-4 Classification: Decision Trees Induction, Method for Comparing Classifiers, Rule Based Classifiers, Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, Bayesian Classifiers. Texthook 1: Ch 4.3,4.6,5.1,5.2,5.3 Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and talk method, Demonstration, Problem based learning Module-5 Module-5 Clustering Analysis: Overview, K-Means, Agglomerative Ilierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, Cluster Evaluation, Density-Based Clustering, Scalable Clustering Algorithms. Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and talk method, Demonstration, Problem based learning Course Outcomes: At the end of the course students should be able to: CO 1. Understand warehousing architectures and tools for systematically organizing large database and use their data to make strategic decisions. CO 2. Apply RDD process for finding interesting pattern from warehouse. C0 1. Understand warehousing architectures and tools for systematically organizing large database and use their data to make strategic decisions. CO 2. Apply RDD process for finding interesting pattern from warehouse. C0 3. Analyze the kinds of patterns from large amounts of data to analyze for predictions and classified to acak subject/ course if the student shead between the weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures ton tes	Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method, PowerPoint Presentation, Demonstration, Problem				
Classification: Decision Trees Induction, Method for Comparing Classifiers, Rule Based Classifiers, Nearest Neighbor Classifiers, Bayesian Classifiers. Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and talk method, Demonstration, Problem based learning Module-5 Clustering Analysis: Overview, K-Means, Agglomerative Ilierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, Cluster Evaluation, Density-Based Clustering, Graph-Based Clustering, Sclable Clustering Algorithms. Teacthing-Learning Process Chalk and talk method, Demonstration, Problem based learning Course Outcomes: At the end of the course students should be able to: Course Outcomes: At the end of the course students should be able to: C0 1. Understand warehousing architectures and tools for systematically organizing large database and use their data to make strategic decisions. CO 2. Apply KDD process for finding interesting pattern from warehouse. C0 3. Analyze the kinds of patterns that can be discovered by association rule mining. CO 4. Evaluate interesting patterns from large amounts of data to analyze for predictions and classification. C0 5. Design select suitable methods for data mining and analysis. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester -end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of		based learning				
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1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be		have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be				
proportionally reduced to 50 marks						
 There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum 						

	of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.			
	of 5 sub-questions), should have a linx of topics under that module.			
The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module				
Sugges	Suggested Learning Resources:			
Textbo	oks			
1.	Data Mining-Concepts and Techniques- Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier, 2 Edition, 2006.			
2.	Introduction to Data Mining, Pang-Ning Tan, Vipin Kumar, Michael Steinbanch, Pearson Education.			
Refere	nce Books:			
1.	Data Mining Techniques, Arun K Pujari, 3rd Edition, Universities Press.			
2.	Data Ware Housing Fundamentals, Pualraj Ponnaiah, Wiley Student Edition.			
3.	The Data Ware House Life Cycle Toolkit- Ralph Kimball, Wiley Student Edition.			
4.	Data Mining, Vikaram Pudi, P Radha Krishna, Oxford University			
Web li	nks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):			
1.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106093/			
2.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/107/110107092/			
3.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105174/			
4.	VTU e-Shikshana Program			
5.	VTU EDUSAT Program			
Activit	y-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning			
•	Flip Class			
•	Seminar/Poster Presentation			
•	Role play/Team Demonstration/Collaborative Activity			
•	Mini Project			
•	Case study			
٠	Learn by Doing			
DA	TA SCIENCE AND	VISUALIZATION		
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Course Code	21CS644	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
 Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. To introduce data collec CLO 2. Explore analytical meth techniques CLO 3. Illustrate different type CLO 4. Find different data visu CLO 5. Design and map elemer Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes. Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching meth Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaborativ Ask at least three HOT icritical thinking. Adopt Problem Based I design thinking skills suinformation rather than Introduce Topics in ma Show the different way encourage the students 	ction and pre-proc ods for solving rea es of data and its v alization techniqu it of visualization v ral Instructions) reachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop n to explain function (Group Learning (Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh uch as the ability to n simply recall it. nifold representat s to solve the same to come up with to cept can be applied ents' understandin	eessing techniques for da al life problems through isualization es and tools well to perceive informa o accelerate the attainme to accelerate the attainme oning of various concep () Learning in the class. nking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gene ions. e problem with differen cheir own creative ways d to the real world - and ng.	ata science data exploration ation ent of the various course chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and	
	Modu	le-1		
Introduction to Data Science Introduction: What is Data Scien Why now? – Datafication, Current Populations and samples, Statistica Textbook 1: Chapter 1 Teaching-Learning Process	landscape of pers l modelling, prob 1. PPT – Re process 2. Demons	spectives, Skill sets. Ne ability distributions, fit ecognizing different typ	eded Statistical Inference: ting a model.	
	Modu	le-2		
Exploratory Data Analysis and the Basic tools (plots, graphs and su Process, Case Study: Real Direct (of Linear Regression, k-Nearest Neigh Textbook 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 3	he Data Science mmary statistics online realestate abours (k- NN), k-	Process) of EDA, Philosophy of firm). Three Basic Mac		
Teaching-Learning Process		ots, Graphs, Summary Si		

	Module-3
Feature Generation and Feature	Selection
Generation (brainstorming, role o algorithms. Filters; Wrappers; Dec a User-Facing Data Product, Algor	Motivating application: user (customer) retention. Feature f domain expertise, and place for imagination), Feature Selection ision Trees; Random Forests. Recommendation Systems: Building rithmic ingredients of a Recommendation Engine, Dimensionality position, Principal Component Analysis, Exercise: build your own
Textbook 1: Chapter 6	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Feature generation, selection
	2. Demonstration recommendation engine
	Module-4
Data Visualization and Data Explo	pration
Introduction: Data Visualization, In for Visualization	nportance of Data Visualization, Data Wrangling, Tools and Libraries
Correlogram and Heatmap; Compo	r Chart and Radar Chart; Relation Plots: Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot, sition Plots: Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Venn togram, Density Plot, Box Plot, Violin Plot; Geo Plots: Dot Map, <i>V</i> hat Makes a Good Visualization?
Textbook 2: Chapter 1, Chapter 2	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of different data visualization tools.
	Module-5
A Deep Dive into Matplotlib	
Strings, Plotting, Plotting Using pan Legend Functions: Labels, Titles, T Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Hist	Matplotlib, Pyplot Basics: Creating Figures, Closing Figures, Format das DataFrames, Displaying Figures, Saving Figures; Basic Text and Cext, Annotations, Legends; Basic Plots: Bar Chart, Pie Chart, Stacked cogram, Box Plot, Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot; Layouts: Subplots, Tight ages: Basic Image Operations, Writing Mathematical Expressions
reaction 21 chapter 5	
Teaching-Learning Process	 PPT – Comparison of plots Demonstration charts
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the student CO 1. Understand the data in diffe CO 2. Apply different techniques CO 3. Analyze feature selection al CO 4. Evaluate data visualization	erent forms to Explore Data Analysis and the Data Science Process gorithms & design a recommender system. tools and libraries and plot graphs.
	d include mathematical expressions.
Assessment Details (both CIE and	-
	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Doing Data Science, Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, O'Reilly Media, Inc O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013
- 2. Data Visualization workshop, Tim Grobmann and Mario Dobler, Packt Publishing, ISBN 9781800568112

Reference:

- 1. Mining of Massive Datasets, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey D. Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2010
- 2. Data Science from Scratch, Joel Grus, Shroff Publisher /O'Reilly Publisher Media
- 3. A handbook for data driven design by Andy krik

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
- 2. https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/doing-data-science/9781449363871/toc01.html
- 3. <u>http://book.visualisingdata.com/</u>
- 4. <u>https://matplotlib.org/</u>
- 5. <u>https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/</u>
- 6. https://www.tableau.com/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Demonstration using projects

ΙΝΤΟΛ		ATA STRUCTURES	
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Introduce elementary d	ata structures		
CLO 2. Analyze Linear Data Str		ieues Lists	
CLO 3. Analyze Non Linear Data Str	-		
CLO 4. Assess appropriate data			/Problem Solving
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	-	program development,	i i obiem boiving.
Teaching Dearning Trocess (dener	ur moti uccionoj		
These are sample Strategies, which te	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) nee	ed not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
effective teaching metho			
2. Use of Video/Animation			S.
3. Encourage collaborative			
4. Ask at least three HOT ()	Higher order Thin	king) questions in the c	lass, which promotes
critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Le	oming (DDI) wh	ich foctore students' An	alutical divilla dovelon
5. Adopt Problem Based Le design thinking skills su			
information rather than		i desigii, evaluate, gellei	alize, allu allalyze
6. Introduce Topics in man		ons	
7. Show the different ways			circuits/logic and
encourage the students			
Discuss how every concept can be ap			
the students' understanding.	-	-	
	Modul	e-1	
Introduction:			
Introduction to arrays: one-dimensio	nal arrays, two di	mensional arrays, initia	lizing two dimensional
arrays, Multidimensional arrays.			
Introduction to Pointers: Pointer con	cepts, accessing v	ariables through pointe	rs, Dynamic memory
allocation, pointers applications.			
Introduction to structures and unions	0	e e	iembers, structure
initialization, arrays of structures, ne	sted structure, un	ions, size of structures.	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12	2.3 to 12.19		
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12 Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2			
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,2	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act	0	
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,2Teaching-Learning ProcessCharacteristic	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul	0	
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessChainLinear Data Structures-Stacks and	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues:	e-2	
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessCharLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation in	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack	e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation in Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic col	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical rep	e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessCharLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation in	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical rep	e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessCharLinear Data Structures-Stacks and Introduction, Stack representation in Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic co types, Queue Implementation, Applic	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical rej ations of Queue.	e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessCharLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation inStack. Introduction, Queues-Basic cotypes, Queue Implementation, ApplicTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Ch 8	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical rep ations of Queue. .1,8.2	e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	, Queue Operations and its
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessCharLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation inStack. Introduction, Queues-Basic cotypes, Queue Implementation, ApplicTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Ch 8	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical rep ations of Queue. .1,8.2	e-2 Operations, Stack Implo presentation of Queues ive Learning, Problem E	, Queue Operations and its
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessCharLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation inStack. Introduction, Queues-Basic cotypes, Queue Implementation, ApplicTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Ch 8	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical rep ations of Queue. .1,8.2 alk and board, Act Modul	e-2 Operations, Stack Implo presentation of Queues ive Learning, Problem E	, Queue Operations and its
Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51 ,7Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks and Introduction, Stack representation in Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic co types, Queue Implementation, ApplicTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Ch 8 Teaching-Learning ProcessCha	2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical rep ations of Queue. .1,8.2 alk and board, Act Modul	e-2 Operations, Stack Implo presentation of Queues ive Learning, Problem E e-3	, Queue Operations and its Based Learning

Textbook 1: Ch 15.1 ,15.3,15.4 Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5	,15.8
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
	Module-4
Non Linear Data Structures – 7	
	ary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal,
Binary Search tree, Expression T	
5 / I	
Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2 Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,1	0.6.3
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
0 0	Module-5
Sorting and Searching	
Sorting: Introduction, Bubble so	rt, Selection sort, Insertion sort
Searching: Introduction, Linear	
-	
Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17.	2.4, 17.3.1,17.3.2
Textbook2: Ch 11.1.,11.2,11.3,	11.7,11.10.1,11.10.2
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stud	ent will be able to:
CO 1. Express the fundamenta	als of static and dynamic data structure.
	types of data structure with their operations.
CO 3. Interpret various search	
CO 4. Choose appropriate data	
Assessment Details (both CIE a	res in a high level language for problem solving.
	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	$^{\circ}$ the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
	End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5	th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end o	f the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of t	he 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of ${f 10}$ Ma	rks
4. First assignment at the	end of 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at th	ne end of 9 th week of the semester
	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13^{th} we	
	nments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 r	
	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined for	r the course.
Semester End Examination:	
I neory SEE will be conducted	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
- 2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

References

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl_49i0</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t -ULoAZM</u>
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBw0zceo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

INTRODUCTIO	N TO DATABA	SE MANAGEMENT SYST	ſEMS
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives		·	
CLO 1. Understand the basic con	cepts and the a	pplications of database	systems.
CLO 2. Understand the relationa	l database desi	gn principles.	
CLO 3. Master the basics of SQL	and construct o	jueries using SQL.	
CLO 4. Familiar with the basic is	sues of transac	tion processing and cone	currency control.
Teaching-Learning Process (General	Instructions)		
 These are sample Strategies, which teal outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need teaching methods could b 2. Use of Video/Animation teal 3. Encourage collaborative (4. Ask at least three HOT (His critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Lead design thinking skills such information rather than si 6. Introduce Topics in maniff 7. Show the different ways to encourage the students to 8. Discuss how every concept helps improve the student 	not be only a t e adopted to at o explain the fu Group Learning gher order Thi rning (PBL), wi a sthe ability t mply recall it. old representation o solve the sam come up with ot can be applie	raditional lecture metho tain the outcomes. nctioning of various con g) Learning in the class. nking) questions in the c hich fosters students' An to design, evaluate, gener tions. he problem with different their own creative ways d to the real world - and ng.	d, but alternative effective cepts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develops ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
Introduction to Databases: Introduct DBMS approach, History of database ap		stics of database approa	ch, Advantages of using the
Overview of Database Languages an schema architecture and data independence, da environment. Conceptual Data Modelling using En roles, and structural constraints, Weak Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2	d Architecture atabase languag tities and Rela entity types, E	ges, and interfaces, The I Itionships: Entity types,	Database System
		tive Learning, Problem I	pased learning
Clian	Modu	0	54554 IOUI IIIII5
Relational Model: Relational Model			into and relational database
schemas, Update operations, transactio			
Relational Algebra: Relational algebr Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Oper of Queries in relational algebra.			i i i
Mapping Conceptual Design into a I mapping.	ogical Design.	: Relational Database De	esign using ER-to-Relational
Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.	5, 9.1;		

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-3
	a types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, s in SQL, Additional features of SQL.
	ex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action nange statements in SQL.Database
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to	o 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
Normalization: Database Des	ign Theory - Introduction to Normalization using Functional and
-	rmal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, ry Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form,
	urth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples
on normal forms.	
Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 1	5.1 to 15.6
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
	Module-5
Transaction management and	d Concurrency -Control Transaction management: ACID properties,
serializability and concurrency c	ontrol, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping
methods, optimistic methods, da	tabase recovery management.
Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21	1 to 21.7;
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stude	ent will be able to:
RDBMS	ine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using
	nguage (SQL) for database manipulation.
CO 3. Design and build simple	-
CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a	
	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E	
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	
	· · ·
 First test at the end of 5^t 	" week of the semester
	" week of the semester The 10 th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of	
2. Second test at the end of	the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester
 Second test at the end of Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 	the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester
 Second test at the end of Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar First assignment at the end of t 	the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester 'ks
 Second test at the end of Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Man First assignment at the end Second assignment at the Group discussion/Seminar/quiz 	the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester tks and of 4 th week of the semester
 Second test at the end of Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar First assignment at the e Second assignment at th 	^t the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester rks end of 4 th week of the semester e end of 9 th week of the semester any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks

	m of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and wil	l be scaled down to 50 marks
	re less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
method	ls of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE me	thods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per	the outcome defined for the course.
Semes	ter End Examination:
Theory	SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers	for the subject (duration 03 hours)
1.	The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall
	be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2.	There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
	maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
	dents have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
00	ted Learning Resources:
Textbo	
1.	Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017,
2.	Pearson. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill
۷.	Database management systems, Ramaki isinan, and den ke, 510 Euroni, 2014, McGraw Inn
Weblir	nks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA
2.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
3.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I
4.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ
5.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
6.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c
7.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad IIA
8.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

INTR	ODUCTION TO	CYBER SECURITY	
Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrin			
CLO 2. Understanding cybercri		d wireless devices along	g with the tools for
Cybercrime and prevent			
CLO 3. Understand the motive			
CLO 4. Understanding criminal		ce, detection standing cr	riminal case and evidence.
Teaching-Learning Process (Generation	al Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which te outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) nee effective teaching metho 2. Use of Video/Animation	d not to be only a ds could be adop to explain functio	traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept	hod, but alternative les.
 Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (F critical thinking. 			lass, which promotes
5. Adopt Problem Based Le design thinking skills suc information rather than	ch as the ability to simply recall it.	o design, evaluate, gener	
6. Introduce Topics in man			ainquita (la gia an d
Show the different ways encourage the students t			
8. Discuss how every conce			
helps improve the studen			when that 5 possible, it
F F F F F F F F F F	Modu		
Introduction to Cybercrime:			
Cybercrime: Definition and Origins o Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cyb Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives,		rcrime and Information	Security, Who are
Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective,	Cybercrime and	the Indian ITA 2000.	
Textbook1:Ch1 (1.1 to 1.8).			
Teaching-Learning ProcessCl	nalk and board, A		
	Modu	le-2	
Cyber offenses: How Criminals Plan Them: Introduc stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes.	tion, How Crimin	nals Plan the Attacks, So	cial Engineering, Cyber
Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Att	ack Vector		
Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).	all and heard A	ctivo Looming	
Teaching-Learning ProcessCl	nalk and board, A Modu		
			ין יות היידיייי
Tools and Methods Used in Cybercr Password Cracking, Key loggers and S Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attack	pywares, Virus a	nd Worms, Trojan Hors	

Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12	Ŋ.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies
	Module-4
Understanding the people on t	he scene: Introduction, understanding cyber criminals, understanding
cyber victims, understanding cybe	er investigators.
The Computer Investigation pro	ocess: investigating computer crime.
Understanding Cybersrime Dr.	evention: Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding
	king the Most of Hardware and Software Security
Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Case studies
	Module-5
	les: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and ection Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name
	I Evidence: Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a idence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence,
TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies
Course Outcomes	·
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:
CO 1. Describe the cyber crime	terminologies
	bbiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and
prevention	
	auses for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators derstanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal
Assessment Details (both CIE ar	nd SEE)
	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester Er	
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	s (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}	week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of t	the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of th	e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Marl	KS
4. First assignment at the er	nd of 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the	end of 9 th week of the semester
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz a	ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
(duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13^{th} week	k of the semester
The sum of three tests, two assign	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 m	
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013
- 2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

Reference Books:

- 1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
- 3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.trendmicro.com/en_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

	PROGRAMM	ING IN JAVA	
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. Learn fundamental fea CLO 2. To create, debug and n CLO 3. Learn object oriented CLO 4. Study the concepts of CLO 5. Discuss the String Har Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) no effective teaching meth 2. Use of Video/Animatio 3. Encourage collaborativ 4. Ask at least three HOT critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based I design thinking skills s information rather tha 6. Introduce Topics in ma 7. Show the different way encourage the students	atures of object or run simple Java pr concepts using pr importing of pack ndling examples v eral Instructions teachers can use t eed not to be only nods could be ado n to explain funct re (Group Learnin (Higher order Thi Learning (PBL), w uch as the ability n simply recall it. mifold representa rs to solve the sam s to come up with cept can be applie	riented language and JAV rograms. rogramming examples. cages and exception hand with Object Oriented com control of the acception of the object Oriented com control of the acception of the accelerate the attainm a traditional lecture me pted to attain the attainm a traditional lecture me pted to attain the outcom ioning of various conception g) Learning in the class. inking) questions in the chich fosters students' At to design, evaluate, generation the problem with different their own creative ways ed to the real world - and	/A. dling mechanism. acepts. nent of the various course thod, but alternative nes. ots. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop eralize, and analyze nt circuits/logic and
helps improve the state	Modu	-	
An Overview of Java: Object-Orier Two Control Statements, Using Bloc Data Types, Variables, and Array Floating-Point Types, Characters, F Casting, Automatic Type Promotion Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3. Teaching-Learning Process	ks of Code, Lexica v s : Java Is a Stron Booleans, A Close in Expressions, A	ll Issues, The Java Class I ngly Typed Language, Tl r Look at Literals, Vari	Libraries. he Primitive Types, Integers, tables, Type Conversion and out Strings
	Modu	0	·
Operators: Arithmetic Operators Operators, The Assignment Operator Control Statements: Java's Selection	, The Bitwise (or, The ? Operator,	Operators, Relational , Operator Precedence, L	Jsing Parentheses,
Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.			
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Demon	stration
Introducing Classes: Class Funda Introducing Methods, Constructors, Class.		ng Objects, Assigning	
A Closer Look at Methods and C	lasses: Overloadi	ing Methods, Using Obj	ects as Parameters, A Close

Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.1-8.5

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

 Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process	hing-Learning Process Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
	Module-5	

Enumerations : Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15)

Reference Books:

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

	SOFT	WARE TESTING	LABORATORY	
Course Co		21ISL66	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
Course O	bjectives:	·	·	·
CLO 2. 7 CLO 3. 1 CLO 4. 0	Explain the test cases for a Analyze the requirements Design the solution and wr Construct control flow gra Create appropriate docum	for the given prob ite test cases for th phs for the solutio	he given problem. n that is implemented.	
	Note: two hours tutoria	l is suggested for	each laboratory sessio	ns.
		Pre	requisite	
	Python etc.		programming languages	
Sl. No.	theLaboratory	-	ent should develop prog	
1	commission problem. A	nalyze it from the	gram in any suitable l e perspective of boundar is and discuss the test res	y value testing, derive
2	NextDate function. Anal	yze it from the p	am in any suitable langu perspective of equivalen est cases and discuss the t	ce class value testing,
3	Design, develop, code and run the program in any suitable language to solve the commission problem. Analyze it from the perspective of decision table-based testing, derive different test cases, execute these test cases and discuss the test results.			
4	Design and develop a program in a language of your choice to solve the triangle problem defined as follows: Accept three integers which are supposed to be the three sides of a triangle and determine if the three values represent an equilateral triangle, isosceles triangle, scalene triangle, or they do not form a triangle at all. Assume that the upper limit for the size of any side is 10. Derive test cases for your program based on boundary-value analysis, equivalence class partitioning and decision-table approach and execute the test cases and discuss the results.			
5	Design, develop, code and run the program in any suitable language to solve the commission problem. Analyze it from the perspective of dataflow testing, derive different test cases, execute these test cases and discuss the test results.			
6		thm. Determine t	am in any suitable lang he basis paths and using the test results	
		PART B – I	Practical Based	
ļ			earning	
01			n of suitable test-cases an erce or social media web	

	 Suggested Guidelines: Create a WebDriver session. Navigate to a Web page. Locate the web elements on the navigated page.
	 Perform an actions on the located elements. Assert the performed actions did the correct thing. Report the results of the assertions. End the session.
	Each inputs / data feeds (ex: website, username, password, mobile no, product name, etc.,)must be provided through a file linked with code and neither to be entered manually nor to be included in the code Use any software testing tool like selenium, Katalon, etc.,
	utcome (Course Skill Set)
At the end	of the course the student will be able to:
	ist out the requirements for the given problem and develop test cases for any given roblem .
CO 2. D	esign and implement the solution for given problem and to design flow graph
	se Eclipse/NetBeans IDE and testing tools to design, develop, debug the Project and create ppropriate document for the software artifact.
	so the appropriate functional testing strategies. Compare the different testing techniques

CO 4. Use the appropriate functional testing strategies. Compare the different testing techniques.CO 5. Classify and Compare the problems according to a suitable testing model applying the test coverage metrics.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

• The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch.
- **PART B**: Student should develop a mini project and it should be demonstrated in the laboratory examination (with report and presentation).
- Weightage of marks for **PART A is 60%** and for **PART B is 40%**. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once (in part A) and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours.

Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. Paul C. Jorgensen: Software Testing, A Craftsman's Approach, 3rd Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2008.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, C:JavaThe Complete Reference,McGraw Hill,7thEdition

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.javatpoint.com/selenium-tutorial
- References
- Introduction to Selenium https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FRn5J31eAMw
- Introduction to programming -https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2Xa3Y4xz8_s
- Introduction to OOPS https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pBlH24tFRQk
- Introduction to Java https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mAtkPQ01FcA
- Eclipse for java https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8cm1x4bC610

Course Code 211571 CIE Marks 50 Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) 3:0:0:0 SEE Marks 50 Total Hours of Pedagogy 40 Total Marks 100 Credits 03 Exam Hours 03 Course Learning Objectives: 03 Exam Hours 03 CL0 1. To understand Gryptography, Network Security and its principles Cl2. To Analyse different Cryptography algorithms CL0 3. To Explain Key management, distribution and certification Cl0. To Explain Key management, distribution and certification CL0 4. To Explain Key management, distribution and certification Cl0. To cunderstand necessary Approaches and Techniques to build protection mechanisms in order to secure computer networks. Teaching Hours/Key Teaching Learning Interaction Secure computer networks. 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. . 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. . 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. . Ack at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.	СПУРТО	GRAPHY AND	NETWORK SECURITY	ľ
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	Textbook 1: Chapter 9, 10			

Textbook 1: Chapter 9, 10		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration	
Module-3		

Key Management and Distribution: Symmetric key distribution using Symmetric encryption, A key distribution scenario, Hierarchical key control, session key lifetime, a transparent key control scheme, Decentralized key control, controlling key usage, Symmetric key distribution using asymmetric encryption, simple secret key distribution, secret key distribution with confidentiality and authentication, A hybrid scheme, distribution of public keys, public announcement of public keys, publicly available directory, public key authority, public keys certificates.

Textbook 1: Chapter 14.1 – 14.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4

X-509 certificates. Certificates, X-509 version 3

Public key infrastructure.

User Authentication: Remote user Authentication principles, Mutual Authentication, one-way authentication, remote user Authentication using Symmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one-way Authentication,

Kerberos, Motivation, Kerberos version 4, Kerberos version 5, Remote user Authentication using Asymmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one-way Authentication.

Textbook 1: Chapter 14.4 – 15.4

Teaching-Learning Process Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5	

Electronic Mail Security: Pretty good privacy, S/MIME,

IP Security: IP Security overview, IP Security policy, Encapsulating Security payload, Combining security associations, Internet key exchange.

Textbook 1: Chapter 19.1, 19.2, 20.1 - 20.5

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Problem based learning

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand Cryptography, Network Security theories, algorithms and systems
- CO 2. Apply different Cryptography and Network Security operations on different applications
- $CO \ 3. \ \ Analyse \ different \ methods \ for \ authentication \ and \ access \ control$
- CO 4. Evaluate Public and Private key, Key management, distribution and certification

CO 5. Design necessary techniques to build protection mechanisms to secure computer networks

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13 th week of the semester
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 marks
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined for the course.
Semester End Examination:
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)
1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be
proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Suggested Learning Resources:
Textbooks
1. William Stallings: Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson 6th edition.
Reference:
1. V. K Pachghare: Cryptography and Information Security, PHI 2nd Edition
2. BehrouzA.Foruzan, Cryptography and Network Security, Tata McGraw Hill 2007.
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105031
 https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs16
 https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105031
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEqjC0G5KwU
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqQ7TWvOaus
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PHsa_Ddgx6w
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning:
Project based learning:
• Implement classical, symmetric and asymmetric algorithms in any preferred language
 Evaluate network security protocol using any simulator available
 Conduct a comprehensive literature survey on the protocols and algorithms
 Identify the security threats and models of security threats
• Implement factorization algorithms and evaluate their complexity, identify a technologies to
factorize a large prime number.

CLOUD COMPUTING			
Course Code	21CS72	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	02	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Introduce the rationale behind the cloud computing revolution and the business drivers
- CLO 2. Introduce various models of cloud computing
- CLO 3. Introduction on how to design cloud native applications, the necessary tools and the design tradeoffs.
- CLO 4. Realize the importance of Cloud Virtualization, Abstraction's and Enabling Technologies and cloud security

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction:

Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 and 1.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning	
	Module-2	
Virtualization: Introduction, Char	acteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of	
Virtualization Techniques, Execution	on Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization,	
Virtualization and Cloud Computin	g, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples	
Textbook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.	5	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning	
	Module-3	
Cloud Computing Architecture:	Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of	
the Cloud, Open Challenges		

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration
	Module-4
	cern for cloud users, privacy impact assessment, trust, OS security, VM v shared images and management OS.
Textbook 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	9.6, 9.8, 9.9
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
	Module-5
	pute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model,
Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	9.2
Cloud Applications:	
Scientific applications: - HealthC	Care: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis for atellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and pplications.
Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1 t	to 10.2
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
Course outcome (Course Skill	Set)
At the end of the course the stud	-
CO 1. Understand and analyze	e various cloud computing platforms and service provider.
CO 2. Illustrate various virtua	lization concepts.
CO 3. Identify the architecture	e, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
CO 4. Understand the Security	v aspects of CLOUD.
=	velopment of cloud applications
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)
The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the a course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40%	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	n:
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)
	th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	
5. Second assignment at th	end of 4 th week of the semester ne end of 9 th week of the semester
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module **Suggested Learning Resources:**

Textbooks

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education.
- 2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Compting Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013

Reference Books

- 1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
- 2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.
- 3. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

OBJECT	ORIENTED MO	DELING AND DESIGN	N
Course Code	21CS731	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
 CLO 1. Describe the concepts in CLO 2. Demonstrate concept of problem. CLO 3. Explain the facets of the CLO 4. Translate the requireme CLO 5. Choose an appropriate d 	use-case model, s unified process a nts into impleme esign pattern to f	sequence model and sta pproach to design and b ntation for Object Orien facilitate development p	te chart model for a given puild a Software system. ted design.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which tere outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) new effective teaching method 2. Use of Video/Animation 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (Incritical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Leadesign thinking skills suinformation rather than 6. Introduce Topics in man 7. Show the different ways encourage the students the	ed not to be only a ds could be adop to explain functi- (Group Learning Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh ch as the ability t simply recall it. ifold representat to solve the sam to come up with t ept can be applied <u>modu</u> Association ends cation; Constrain	a traditional lecture met oted to attain the outcom oning of various concep g) Learning in the class. nking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gene cions. e problem with differen cheir own creative ways d to the real world - and ng. le-1 s; N-ary associations; Ag ts; Derived Data; Packa cate diagram behaviour.	hod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them. when that's possible, it
Teaching-Learning Process	naik and board, l	Demonstration	
	Modu	le-2	
UseCase Modelling and Detailed I definitions; System Processes-A use sequence diagram; Identifying Obje Models. Textbook-2:Chapter- 6:Page 210 to	Requirements: C e case/Scenario ct Behaviour-Th	Overview; Detailed obj view; Identifying Inpu	it and outputs-The System
Teaching-Learning Process C	halk and board, I	Demonstration	
	Modu		
Process Overview, System Concepti Development life Cycle; System Conc a problem statement. Domain Analys	eption: Devising	a system concept; elabo	orating a concept; preparing

D				
Domain interaction model; Iterati				
Textbook-1:Chapter- 10,11,and				
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Demonstration				
	Module-4			
between Requirements and Im Interaction Diagrams-Realizing	n Discipline within up iterations: Object Oriented Design-The Bridge nplementation; Design Classes and Design within Class Diagrams; Use Case and defining methods; Designing with Communication Class Diagram; Package Diagrams-Structuring the Major Components; Layer Design.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration			
	Module-5			
design patterns, Organizing the				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration			
CO 2. Draw class diagrams, seq CO 3. Choose and apply a befitt Assessment Details (both CIE an The weightage of Continuous Inter The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the aca course if the student secures not	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ c less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination 40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark				
1. First test at the end of 5 th	• •			
2. Second test at the end of	the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester			
Two assignments each of 10 Mar				
-	nd of 4 th week of the semester			
÷	e end of 9 th week of the semester			
6	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$			
6. At the end of the 13^{th} week	ek of the semester			
The sum of three tests, two assign	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks			
and will be scaled down to 50 m				
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	rtion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the			
methods of the CIE. Each method	l of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).			
CIE methods /question paper h	as to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy			
as per the outcome defined for	the course.			
as per the outcome defined for Semester End Examination:	the course.			

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005
- 2. Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning, 2005.
- 3. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson Education, 2007.

Reference:

- 1. Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications,3rd Edition,Pearson Education,2007.
- 2. Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns, Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons.2007.
- 3. Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh : Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rd edition, pearson, Reprint 2013

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	DIGITAL IMAGE	PROCESSING	
Course Code	21CS732	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
	sform techniques enhancement tech ation techniques an cological Operation ral Instructions) reachers can use to red not to be only a	used in digital image pr niques on digital images nd methods used in digins and Segmentation use	s tal imageprocessing ed in digital ent of the various course hod, but alternative
 Encourage collaborativ Ask at least three HOT critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based I design thinking skills si information rather than Introduce Topics in ma Show the different way encourage the students 	e (Group Learning (Higher order Thir Learning (PBL), wh uch as the ability to n simply recall it. nifold representat s to solve the same to come up with t cept can be applied	nking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e problem with different heir own creative ways d to the real world - and	lass, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze c circuits/logic and to solve them.
helps hilplove the stud	Modu	-	
Digital Image Fundamentals: Wh Examples of fields that use DIP, Fun ProcessingSystem, Elements of Vise Quantization, Some Basic Relationsh Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapter Teaching-Learning Process	idamentalSteps in ual Perception, Im ups BetweenPixels e r 2: Sections 2.1 Chalk and board,	Digital Image Processin hage Sensing and Acquis 5, Linear and Nonlinear (to 2.5, 2.6.2 , Active Learning, Proble	ng, Components of an Image sition, Image Sampling and Operations.
	Modu		
Spatial Domain: Some Basic Intens Spatial Filtering, SmoothingSpatial F	ilters, Sharpening	Spatial Filters	-
Frequency Domain : Preliminary Properties of the 2-D DFT, Filtering UsingFrequency Domain Filters, Sele	g inthe Frequency ective Filtering.	Domain, Image Smootl	hing and Image Sharpening
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3			
Teaching-Learning Process		nd board, Active Learnin ory Demonstration	g, Demonstration
	Modu	le-3	
Restoration: Noise models, Resto	oration in the Pr	esence of Noise Onlyu	ising Spatial Filtering and

Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation Function, InverseFiltering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, ConstrainedLeast Squares Filtering.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: Sections 5.2, to 5.9

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: Sections 5 Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board
reaching-Learning riotess	Module-4
Color Image Processing : Color Fur Background, Multiresolution Expan	ndamentals, Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing. Wavelets:
Morphological Image Processing: Miss Transforms, Some Basic Morph	Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or- hological Algorithms.
Text: Chapter 6: Sections 6.1 to 6.	3, Chapter 7: Sections 7.1 and 7.2, Chapter 9: Sections 9.1 to 9.5
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk& board
	2.Demonstartion of Case study /Application for wavelet transfer method
	Module-5
	fication of image segmentation algorithms, Detection of ugh Transforms and Shape Detection, Corner Detection, Principles of
Representation and Description:	Representation, Boundary descriptors.
	9.7 and Text 1: Chapter 11: Sections 11.1and 11.2
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk and board, MOOC.
	2. Poster making activity for various image segmentation algorithms
Course Outcomes	algorithmis
At the end of the course the student	will be able to:
CO 1. Understand the fundament CO 2. Apply different Image trans CO 3. Analyze various image rest CO 4. Understand colour image a CO 5. Design image analysis and	als of Digital Image Processing. sformation techniques toration techniques nd morphological processing
Assessment Details (both CIE and	
The minimum passing mark for the deemed to have satisfied the acad course if the student secures not le	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	(duration 01 hour)
 First test at the end of 5th w Second test at the end of th Third test at the end of the Two assignments each of 10 Marks 	e 10 th week of the semester 15 th week of the semester
-	of 4 th week of the semester nd of 9 th week of the semester ay one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20

Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 3. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Third Ed., Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 4. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2ndEdition, 2016

Reference:

- 1. Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, TataMcGraw Hill 2014.
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing-A. K. Jain, Pearson 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105032/
- 2. https://github.com/PrajwalPrabhuiisc/Image-processing-assignments

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of finding the histogram from grayscale image, to check the low pass filter properties, filtering the images using Gaussian low pass filter, etc... using Python programming

Practical Based Assignment like following or any topic which is in-line with the course requirement. Students shall present and demonstrate their work at the end of semester.

- Program to show rotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
- Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques
- Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.
- To Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original.

USER INTERFACE DESIGN			
Course Code	21IS733	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
 CLO 1. To study the concept of menu CLO 2. To study about business funct CLO 3. To study the characteristics at windows. CLO 4. To study about various proble CLO 5. To study the testing methods. 	cions. nd components of v ems in windows des	vindows and the various	

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

The User Interface-Introduction, Overview, The importance of user interface Defining the user interface, The importance of Good design, Characteristics of graphical and web user interfaces, Principles of user interface design.

Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, MOOC
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Module-2

The User Interface Design process- Obstacles, Usability, Human characteristics in Design, Human Interaction speeds, Business functions-Business definition and requirement analysis, Basic business functions, Design standards.

Textbook 1: Part-2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning
	Module-3

System menus and navigation schemes- Structures of menus, Functions of menus, Contents of menus, Formatting of menus, Phrasing the menu, Selecting menu choices, Navigating menus, Kinds of graphical

Textbook 1: Part-2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration
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Module-4

Windows - Characteristics, Components of window, Window presentation styles, Types of window, Window management, Organizing window functions, Window operations, Web systems, Characteristics of device based controls.

Textbook 1: Part-2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
	Module-5	

Screen based controls- Operable control, Text control, Selection control, Custom control, Presentation control, Windows Tests-prototypes, kinds of tests.

Textbook 1: Part-2

Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Demonstration, MOOC	
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Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand importance and characteristics of user interface design
- CO 2. Apply user interface design process on business functions
- CO 3. Demonstrate system menus, navigation schemes and windows characteristics
- CO 4. Analyze screen based controls and device based controls
- CO 5. Design the prototypes and test plans of user interface

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 7. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 8. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 9. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 10. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 11. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

12. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 3. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 4. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Wilbert O, Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition 2002

Reference Books:

- 1. Ben Sheiderman, "Design the User Interface", Pearson Education, 1998
- 2. Alan Cooper, "The Essential of User Interface Design", Wiley-Dream Tech Ltd., 2002

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-ar10/
- 2. https://www.vtupulse.com/cbcs-cse-notes/17cs832-user-interface-design-uid-notes/
- 3. https://www.brainkart.com/subject/User-Interface-Design_145/
- 4. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-831-userinterface-design-and-implementation-spring-2011/lecture-notes/
- 5. https://lecturenotes.in/download/material/21405-user-interface-design

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

		BLOCKCHAIN T	ECHNOLOGY	
Course Code		21CS734	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1 CLO 2 CLO 3 Teaching-L These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3.	Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching meth Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaborative	n bitcoin n platform ral Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop n to explain functio e (Group Learning	accelerate the attainmont a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept) Learning in the class.	ent of the various course hod, but alternative nes. ts.
4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su information rather than Introduce Topics in man Show the different way encourage the students Discuss how every cond	earning (PBL), wh uch as the ability to simply recall it. nifold representat s to solve the same to come up with t	ich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e problem with differen heir own creative ways	alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
0.	helps improve the stude		ıg.	when that 3 possible, it
blockchain,	, CAP theorem and block	ems, History of l cchain, Benefits a	blockchain, Introduction nd limitations of block	
	zation and Cryptograph ecentralization, Decentra	-	-	hods of decentralization,
Textbook	1: Chapter 1, 2			
Teaching-L	earning Process		ctive Learning – Oral pr	resentations.
		Modu	-	
Data Structu How Bitcoi	on to Cryptography & Ca ares, Digital Signatures, F n Achieves Decentraliz Incentives and proof of y	ublic Keys as Iden ation: Distributed	tities, A Simple Cryptoc consensus, Consensus	-
	Chapter 1, 2			
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board, D	emonstration	
		Modu		
	of Bitcoin: Bitcoin trans network, Limitations and	actions, Bitcoin Sc		tcoin scripts, Bitcoin blocks,
How to Sto	re and Use Bitcoins: Sin	ple Local Storage	, Hot and Cold Storage, S	Splitting and Sharing Keys,

Unnie v	Vallets and Exchanges, Payment Services, Transaction Fees, Currency Exchange Markets
Textho	ok2: Chapter 3,4
	g-Learning Process Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration, MOOC
Teachin	Module-4
Ditcoin	Mining: The task of Bitcoin miners, Mining Hardware, Energy consumption and ecology, Mining
pools, M	ining incentives and strategies,
	and Anonymity: Anonymity Basics, How to De-anonymize Bitcoin, Mixing, Decentralized Mixing, 1 and Zerocash,
Textboo	ok2: Chapter 5,6
Teachir	g-Learning Process Chalk& board, Problem based learning, MOOC
	Module-5
Smart C	ontracts and Ethereum 101:
Smart C	ontracts: Definition, Ricardian contracts.
Ethereu contract	m 101: Introduction, Ethereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled s.
Textboo	ok 1: Chapter 10
Teachir	g-Learning Process Chalk and board, MOOC, Practical Demonstration
Course	Outcomes
At the er	nd of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1.	Describe the concepts of Distributed computing and its role in Blockchain
CO 2.	Describe the concepts of Cryptography and its role in Blockchain
CO 3.	List the benefits, drawbacks and applications of Blockchain
CO 4.	Appreciate the technologies involved in Bitcoin
	Appreciate and demonstrate the Ethereum platform to develop blockchain application.
Assessn	nent Details (both CIE and SEE)
The wei	ghtage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
The mir	imum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	f the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	nd a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
	on) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together
	ous Internal Evaluation:
	nit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
	First test at the end of 5 th week of the semester
	Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester
	Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester
	ignments each of 10 Marks
	First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester
	Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester
_	iscussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)
-	At the end of the 13 th week of the semester
6.	
6.	of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
6. The sum	
6. The sum and will	of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
6. The sum and will (to have	of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks be scaled down to 50 marks

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Mastering Blockchain Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017.
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward W. Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder and Jeremy Clark., Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.

Reference:

1. Mastering Bitcoins: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies by Andreas Antonopoulos. O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>http://bitcoinbook.cs.princeton.edu/? ga=2.8302578.1344744326.1642688462-86383721.1642688462</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105184/</u>
- 3. <u>https://ethereum.org/en/developers/</u>
- 4. <u>https://developer.ibm.com/components/hyperledger-fabric/tutorials/</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
		INTERNET C	F THINGS	
Course Code	9	21CS735	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives	•		
CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5	 their characteristics. Understand the recent ap Understand the protocols Understand the other ass IoT. Improve their knowledge machine learning applica 	oplication doma s and standards sociated technol e about the vario tions. urrent trends of	ins of IoT in everyday li designed for IoT and th ogies like cloud and fog ous cutting-edge techno machine learning and A	e current research on it. computing in the domain of
Teaching-L	earning Process (Genera			
These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	ample Strategies, which tea Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than s Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways t encourage the students to Discuss how every concep helps improve the studen	not to be only a s could be adop o explain functio Group Learning igher order Thir rning (PBL), wh n as the ability to imply recall it. Fold representat o solve the same come up with t ot can be applied	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept) Learning in the class. aking) questions in the c aich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e problem with different heir own creative ways I to the real world - and	chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
		Modu	-	
Technologie	e of IoT: Introduction, Even es, IoT Networking Compor : Chapter 4 – 4.1 to 4.5	olution of IoT, E	Enabling IoT and the C	omplex Interdependence of
Teaching-L	earning Process Ch		ctive Learning, Problem	n based learning
		Modu	le-2	
Types, Sens	g and Actuation: Introduct ing Considerations, Actuato : Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.9			nsorial Deviations, Sensing istics.
		alk and board, A	ctive Learning, Demons	stration
		Modu	le-3	
	sing Topologies and Type IoT Device Design and Sele		-	

Textbook 1: Chapter 6 - 6.1 to 6	5.5			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
	Module-4			
IoT Connectivity Technologies:	Introduction, IEEE 802.15.4, Zigbee, Thread, ISA100.11A,			
	, Z-Wave, Weightless, Sigfox, LoRa, NB-IoT, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth			
Textbook 1: Chapter 7 – 7.1 to 7	7.16			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning			
	Module-5			
IoT Communication Technologies: Introduction, Infrastructure Protocols, Discovery Protocols, Data Protocols, Identification Protocols, Device Management, Semantic Protocols				
IoT Interoperability: Introduction	on, Taxonomy of interoperability, Standards, Frameworks			
Textbook 1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 6.2 Textbook 1: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2	, 9.3			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the stude				
	n of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies in IoT.			
CO 2. Analyze various sensing of CO 2.				
CO 3. Demonstrate the process CO 4. Apply different connectiv				
	ication technologies , protocols and interoperability in IoT.			
Assessment Details (both CIE a				
-	-			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be				
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester Er				
Continuous Internal Evaluation				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark				
1. First test at the end of 5 th				
 Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 				
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester Two assignments each of 10 Marks				
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester				
_	e end of 9 th week of the semester			
-	ek of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three			
	n the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)			
	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks			
and will be scaled down to 50 m				
(to have less stressed CIE, the pop	rtion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the			
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
	as to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy			
as per the outcome defined for				
Semester End Examination:				
	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question			
papers for the subject (duration (
	e ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be			

proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021.

Reference:

- 1. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.
- 2. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.
- 3. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-cs31/

SOFTWARE	ARCHITECTUR	E AND DESIGN PATT	ERNS			
Course Code	21CS741	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	Exam Hours	03				
Course Learning Objectives	Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Learn How to add functionality to designs while minimizing complexity. CLO 2. What code qualities are required to maintain to keep code flexible? CLO 3. To Understand the common design patterns. CLO 4. To explore the appropriate patterns for design problems						
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)					
 These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 9. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 10. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 11. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 12. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 13. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 14. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 15. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 16. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it 						
helps improve the students' understanding.						
	Modu	le-1				
 Introduction: what is a design pattern? describing design patterns, the catalog of design pattern, organizing the catalog, how design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design pattern, how to use a design pattern. A Notation for Describing Object-Oriented Systems Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and 2.7 Analysis a System: overview of the analysis phase, stage 1: gathering the requirements functional requirements specification, defining conceptual classes and relationships, using the knowledge of the domain. Design and Implementation, discussions and further reading. Textbook 1: Chapter 6 						
Teaching-Learning Process 0		Active Learning, Problem	a based learning			
	Modu					
Design Pattern Catalog : Structural patterns, Adapter, bridge, composite, decorator, facade, flyweight, proxy. Textbook 2: chapter 4						
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	Active Learning, Demons	tration			
	Modu					
BehavioralPatterns: Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator, Mediator, Memento, Observer, State, Template Method						

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
reaching-learning rocess	Module-4		
Interactive systems and the	e MVC architecture: Introduction, The MVC architectural pattern,		
analyzing a simple drawing pro	ogram, designing the system, designing of the subsystems, getting into g undo operation, drawing incompleteitems, adding a new feature,		
Textbook 1: Chapter 11			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning		
	Module-5		
	bjects: Client server system, java remote method invocation, ed system on the web (discussions and further reading) a note tatements, loops arrays.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course the stude	ent will be able to:		
CO 1. Design and implement co	odes with higher performance and lower complexity		
CO 2. Be aware of code qualitie	es needed to keep code flexible		
	principles and be able to assess the quality of a design with		
respect to these principl			
	e principles in the design of object oriented systems.		
CO 5. Demonstrate an understanding of a range of design patterns. Be capable of comprehending a design presented using this vocabulary.			
	bly suitable patterns in specific contexts		
Assessment Details (both CIE a			
-	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marl 1. First test at the end of 5 ^{tt}			
 Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester 			
Two assignments each of 10 Mar			
-			
 First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester 			
 Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three 			
	n the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)		
	nments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be scaled down to 50 m			
	prtion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		
	raon or the synabus should not be common repeated for any of the		
	d of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course)		
methods of the CIE. Each metho	d of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). 1as to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Brahma Dathan, Sarnath Rammath, Object-oriented analysis, design and implementation, Universities Press, 2013
- 2. Erich Gamma, Richard Helan, Ralph Johman, John Vlissides , Design Patterns, Pearson Publication, 2013.

Reference:

- 1. Frank Bachmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert "Pattern Oriented Software Architecture" Volume 1, 1996.
- 2. William J Brown et al., "Anti-Patterns: Refactoring Software, Architectures and Projects in Crisis", John Wiley, 1998.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

FILE STRUCTURES				
Course Code	21IS742	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Provide an introduction to the fundamental file operations and storage systems.
- CLO 2. Introducing fundamental concepts of file structure.
- CLO 3. Introducing the most important high-level file structures tools which include indexing, co sequential processing, B trees, Hashing.
- CLO 4. Applying the techniques in the design of C++ programs for solving various file management problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: File Structures: The Heart of the file structure Design, A Short History of File Structure Design, A Conceptual Toolkit; Fundamental File Operations: Physical Files and Logical Files, Opening Files, Closing Files, Reading and Writing, Seeking, Special Characters, The Unix Directory Structure, Physical devices and Logical Files, File-related Header Files, UNIX file System Commands; Secondary Storage and System Software: Disks

Fundamental File Structure Concepts, Managing Files of Records: Field and Record Organization, Using Classes to Manipulate Buffers, Using Inheritance for Record Buffer Classes, Managing Fixed Length, Fixed Field Buffers, An Object-Oriented Class for Record Files, Record Access, more about Record Structures, Encapsulating Record Operations in a Single Class, File Access and File Organization

Text book 1: Chapter 1, Chapter 2, Chapter 3 (3.1, 3.7 - 3.10) Chapter 4, Chapter 5 (5.1-5.4)

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learningModule-2Organization of Files for Performance, Indexing: Data Compression, Reclaiming Space in files, Internal
Sorting and Binary Searching, Key sorting; What is an Index? A Simple Index for Entry-Sequenced File,
Using Template Classes in C++ for Object I/O, Object-Oriented support for Indexed, Entry-Sequenced Files
of Data Objects, Indexes that are too large to hold in Memory, Indexing to provide access by Multiple keys,
Retrieval Using Combinations of Secondary Keys, Improving the Secondary Index structure: Inverted

Lists, Selective indexes, Binding. Text book 1: Chapter 6, Chapter 7 Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-3 Co-sequential Processing and the Sorting of Large Files: A Model for Implementing Co-Sequence Processes, Application of the Model to a General Ledger Program, Extension of the Model to inc Multiway Merging, A Second Look at Sorting in Memory, Merging as a Way of Sorting Large File					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-3 Co-sequential Processing and the Sorting of Large Files: A Model for Implementing Co-Seque Processes, Application of the Model to a General Ledger Program, Extension of the Model to inc Multiway Merging, A Second Look at Sorting in Memory, Merging as a Way of Sorting Large File					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-3 Co-sequential Processing and the Sorting of Large Files: A Model for Implementing Co-Seque Processes, Application of the Model to a General Ledger Program, Extension of the Model to inc Multiway Merging, A Second Look at Sorting in Memory, Merging as a Way of Sorting Large File	Taythook 1. Chapton 6. Chapton 7				
Module-3 Co-sequential Processing and the Sorting of Large Files: A Model for Implementing Co-Sequence Processes, Application of the Model to a General Ledger Program, Extension of the Model to incomultiway Merging, A Second Look at Sorting in Memory, Merging as a Way of Sorting Large File					
Co-sequential Processing and the Sorting of Large Files: A Model for Implementing Co-Sequencesses, Application of the Model to a General Ledger Program, Extension of the Model to inc Multiway Merging, A Second Look at Sorting in Memory, Merging as a Way of Sorting Large File					
Processes, Application of the Model to a General Ledger Program, Extension of the Model to inc Multiway Merging, A Second Look at Sorting in Memory, Merging as a Way of Sorting Large File					
Multiway Merging, A Second Look at Sorting in Memory, Merging as a Way of Sorting Large File					
Multi-Level Indexing and B-Trees: The invention of B-Tree, Statement of the problem, Indexi	ng with				
Binary Search Trees; Multi-Level Indexing					
Tout hook 1. Chanton 9, 9.1 to 9.5 4 Chanton 9, 9.1, 9.4					
Text book 1: Chapter 8 – 8.1 to 8.5.4, Chapter 9 – 9.1 – 9.4					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration					
Module-4	. <u></u>				
Multi-Level Indexing and B-Trees: B-Trees, Example of Creating a B-Tree, An Object					
Representation of B-Trees, B-Tree Methods; Nomenclature, Formal Definition of B-Tree	-				
Worst-case Search Depth, Deletion, Merging and Redistribution, Redistribution during in:	sertion; B*				
Trees, Buffering of pages; Virtual B-Trees; Variable-length Records and keys.					
Indexed Coquestial File Access and Drofin D. L. Trace, Indexed Communical A	intoinin				
Indexed Sequential File Access and Prefix B + Trees: Indexed Sequential Access, ma	-				
Sequence Set, adding a Simple Index to the Sequence Set, The Content of the Index: Separators					
Keys, The Simple Prefix B+ Tree and its maintenance, Index Set Block Size, Internal Structure of Blocks, A Variable order B. Trees Leading a Simple Prefix B. Trees B. Trees and Si					
Blocks: A Variable-order B- Tree, Loading a Simple Prefix B+ Trees, B-Trees, B+ Trees and Sin B+ Trees in Perspective.	liple Plenx				
B+ Trees in reispective.					
Text book 1: Chapter 8 - 9.5 - 9.16, Chapter 10.					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Problem based learning					
Module-5					
Hashing: Introduction, A Simple Hashing Algorithm, Hashing Functions and Record Distrib	ution hour				
much Extra Memory should be used? Collision resolution by progressive overflow, Bucke					
deletions, Other collision resolution techniques, Patterns of record access.					
Extendible Hashing: How Extendible Hashing Works, Implementation, Deletion, Extendible Hashing					
Performance, Alternative Approaches.	ie masning				
renormance, mermative rippi odenes.					
Text Book 1: Chapter 11, Chapter 12					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, MOOC					
Course Outcomes					
At the end of the course the student will be able to:					
CO 1. Understand the fundamental concepts of file processing operations and storage structu	iroc				
CO 2. Apply object orientation concepts to manipulate records					
CO 3. Apply concepts of sorting and merging on multiple files					
CO 4. Analyze the sequential and indexing file accessing techniques with appropriate data structures					
CO 5. Illustrate the usage of hashing techniques to organize file structures					
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)					
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI	nt chall ha				
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A stude					
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A stude deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to eac	ch subject/				
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A stude deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to eac course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end e	ch subject/ xamination				
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A stude deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to eac	ch subject/ xamination				
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A stude deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to eac course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end e	ch subject/ xamination				
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Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A stude deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to ead course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end e (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuo Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together	ch subject/ xamination				
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SI The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A stude deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to eac course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end e (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuo Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together Continuous Internal Evaluation:	ch subject/ xamination				

- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester
- 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 3. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 4. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Michael J. Folk, Bill Zoellick, Greg Riccardi: File Structures-An Object Oriented Approach with C++, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 1998

Reference Books:

- 1. K.R. Venugopal, K.G. Srinivas, P.M. Krishnaraj: File Structures Using C++, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 2. Scot Robert Ladd: C++ Components and Algorithms, BPB Publications, 1993.
- 3. Raghu Ramakrishan and Johannes Gehrke: Database Management Systems, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2003.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.slideshare.net/shyamujaco/file-structures
- 2. https://www.vtuplanet.com/m/browse.php?type=papers&dir=B.E +%28Engineering%29%2FInformation+Science+%28ISE%29%2FSem+6%2FFile+structures
- 3. https://isenotes.weebly.com/file-structures.html
- 4. https://www.vssut.ac.in/lecture_notes/lecture1428550942.pdf
- 5. https://www.azdocuments.in/2021/05/file-structures-18is61.html
- 6. <u>http://www.engppt.com/2010/01/file-structures-pdf.html</u>

		DEEP LEA	RNING	
Course Cod	e	21CS743	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		3	Exam Hours	3
Course Learning Objectives				
CLO 1	I. Understand the fundan	nentals of deep lea	arning	
	2. Know the theory behin	•	0	1coders, RNN.
	-			
CLO 3. Illustrate the strength and weaknesses of many popular deep learning approaches. CLO 4. Introduce major deep learning algorithms, the problem settings, and their applications to				
	solve real world proble			* *
CLO 5	5. Learn the open issues i	n deep learning, a	nd have a grasp of the c	urrent research directions.
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gener	ral Instructions)		
These are s	ample Strategies, which t	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.	imple buildegies, which t			ent of the various course
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
	effective teaching metho	ods could be adop	ted to attain the outcom	1es.
2.	Use of Video/Animation	to explain function	oning of various concep	ts.
3.	Encourage collaborative	e (Group Learning) Learning in the class.	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thin	iking) questions in the c	class, which promotes
	critical thinking.			
5.	Adopt Problem Based L	earning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' An	alytical skills, develop
	design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze			
	information rather than	simply recall it.		
6.	Introduce Topics in mai	nifold representati	ions.	
7.	Show the different ways	s to solve the same	e problem with differen	t circuits/logic and
encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
	helps improve the stude		×	
		Modul	-	
Introductio	on to Deep Learning: Int	roduction, Deep le	earning Model, Historic	al Trends in Deep Learning,
Machine	Learning Basics:	Learning Algo	orithms, Supervised	Learning Algorithms,
	ed Learning Algorithms.			,
F	0 0 1			
	l: Chapter1 – 1.1, 1.2, 5.			
Teaching-L	Learning Process (ctive Learning, Problen	1 based learning
		Modul		
	rd Networks: Introducti			dient-Based Learning, Back-
			gularization for Deep I	Learning.
	n and Other Differentiatio	on Algorithms. Reg		
Propagation	n and Other Differentiatio	n Algorithms. Reg	, ,	
Propagation Textbook 1	n and Other Differentiatio			
Propagation Textbook 1	n and Other Differentiatio		ctive Learning, Demons	
Propagation Textbook 1 Teaching-L	n and Other Differentiatio	Chalk and board, A Modul	ctive Learning, Demons	stration
Propagation Textbook 1 Teaching-L Optimizatio	n and Other Differentiatio 1: Chapter 6, 7 Learning Process (on for Training Deep M	Chalk and board, A Modul Iodels: Empirical	ctive Learning, Demons l e-3 Risk Minimization, Ch	
Propagation Textbook 1 Teaching-L Optimizatio Optimizatio	n and Other Differentiation 1: Chapter 6, 7 Learning Process (on for Training Deep M on, Basic Algorithms: S	Chalk and board, A Modul Iodels: Empirical Stochastic Gradie	ctive Learning, Demons l e-3 Risk Minimization, Ch nt Descent, Paramete	stration allenges in Neural Network

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-4		
Convolutional Networks: The (Convolution Operation, Pooling, Convolution and Pooling as an Infinitely		
-	Basic Convolution Function, Structured Outputs, Data Types, Efficient a or Unsupervised Features- LeNet, AlexNet.		
	-		
Textbook 1: Chapter: 9.1-9.9.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning		
	Module-5		
Network, Bidirectional RNNs, De Term Memory and Other Gated R			
Applications: Large-Scale Deep and Other Applications.	Learning, Computer, Speech Recognition, Natural Language Processing		
Textbook 1: Chapter: 10.1-10.3	8, 10.5, 10.6, 10.10, 12.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
Course Outcomes			
CO1: Understand the fundamenta	al issues and challenges of deep learning data, model selection, model		
complexity etc.,			
	e on deep learning and algorithms		
CO3: Apply CNN and RNN model			
	involved in designing and implementing deep learning algorithms. For the given types of learning tasks in varied domain		
505. Relate the deep learning alg	orithms for the given types of learning tasks in varied domain		
Assessment Details (both CIE a	nd SEE)		
The weightage of Continuous Int	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%		
The minimum passing mark for	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
	ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
	t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E			
Continuous Internal Evaluation	· · ·		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark			
1. First test at the end of 5 th week of the semester			
 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 			
 Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester 			
Two assignments each of 10 Marks			
-			
 First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester 			
-	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20		
Marks (duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13 th we	ek of the semester		
	nments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
The sum of three tests, two assign	nments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
The sum of three tests, two assign and will be scaled down to 50 m	arks		
The sum of three tests, two assign and will be scaled down to 50 m (to have less stressed CIE, the po			

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2016.

Reference:

- 1. Bengio, Yoshua. "Learning deep architectures for AI." Foundations and trends in Machine Learning, 2009.
- 2. N.D.Lewis, "Deep Learning Made Easy with R: A Gentle Introduction for Data Science", January 2016.
- 3. Nikhil Buduma, "Fundamentals of Deep Learning: Designing Next-Generation Machine Intelligence Algorithms", O'Reilly publications.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://faculty.iitmandi.ac.in/~aditya/cs671/index.html</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106184/</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7x2YZhEj9Dw</u>

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT					
Course Code 21CS744 CIE Marks 50					
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	0.00	3	Exam Hours	3	
	arning Objectives				
	1. To understand basic c				
	2. To Describe RPA, whe	• •			
CLO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, Control Flow and data manipulation techniques					
	CLO 4. To Understand Image, Text and Data Tables Automation CLO 5. To Describe various types of Exceptions and strategies to handle				
	Learning Process (Gene		and strategies to handle		
r caching-i	Learning Frocess (dene	rai mstructionsj			
	ample Strategies, which	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course	
outcomes.					
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	-			
	effective teaching meth	•			
2.	Use of Video/Animatio	-	• •	ts.	
3.	Encourage collaborativ		-		
4.	Ask at least three HOT critical thinking.	(Higher order Thin	king) questions in the o	class, which promotes	
5.	Adopt Problem Based I	earning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' An	alvtical skills, develop	
	design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.				
6.	Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
7.	Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and				
/.	encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
8	 Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it 				
0.	helps improve the students' understanding.				
Module-1					
DDA Found	lations What is DDA			fits of PDA. The downsides	
	RPA Foundations - What is RPA – Flavors of RPA- History of RPA- The Benefits of RPA- The downsides of RPA- RPA Compared to BPO, BPM and BPA – Consumer Willingness for Automation- The Workforce of				
	•		-		
				nming Languages and Low	
	Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cognitive Automation-Agile, Scrum, Kanban and Waterfall0 DevOps-				
Flowcharts					
Textbook 1	Textbook 1: Ch 1, Ch 2				
	Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
	0	Modul	-	0	
RPA Platfo	orms- Components of R			out UiPath - The future of	
	-			Learning Ui Path Studio	
	ler - Step-by-step examp	0	0		
Textbook 2	2: Ch 1, Ch 2				
Teaching-I	Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, Demons	stration	
Module-3					
Sequence,	Flowchart, and Contr	ol Flow-Sequencin	ng the workflow-Activ	ities-Control flow, various	
-		-	-	nd Flowchart-Step-by-step	
		•			

example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example).

Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Module-4			

Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer-Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points.

Textbook 2: Ch 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning		
Module-5			

Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA

Textbook 2: Ch 8 Textbook 1: Ch 13

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	

Course Outcomes

- CO 2. To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
- CO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
- CO 4. To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- CO 5. To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

CO 1. To Understand the basic concepts of RPA

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, 2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
- 2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

Reference:

- 1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
- 2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
- 3. Srikanth Merianda, Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

NOSQL DATABASE			
Course Code:	21CS745	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Recognize and Describe the four types of NoSQL Databases, the Document-oriented, KeyValue
- CLO 2. Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph databases useful for diverse applications.
- CLO 3. Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases.
- CLO 4. Differentiate the detailed architecture of column oriented NoSQL database, Document database and Graph Database and relate usage of processor, memory, storage and file system commands.
- CLO 5. Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture methods, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL,

Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access,

Textbook1: Chapter 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process

Module-2

Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.

Active learning

Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing	
Durability, Quorums.	

Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes Textbook1: Chapter 4,5,6

Teaching-Learning Process Active Learning and Demonstrations		
Module-3		

Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce

Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets

Textbook1: Chapter 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process Active Learning, Problem solving based		
Module-4		

Document Databases, What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Dif erent Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure

Textbook1: Chapter 9

Teaching-Learning Process Active learning			
Modulo f			
Module-5			
Graph Databases What Is a Gran	h Database? Features Consistency Transactions Availability Query		

Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use.

Textbook1: Chapter 11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)	

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1. Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture of Column Oriented NoSQL databases, Document databases, Graph databases.

CO2. Use the concepts pertaining to all the types of databases.

CO3. Analyze the structural Models of NoSQL.

CO4. Develop various applications using NoSQL databases.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012

Reference Books

- 1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN- 13: 978-9332557338)
- 2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022)
- 3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/(and related links in the page)</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0buKQHokLK8 (How do NoSQL databases work? Simply explained)</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.techtarget.com/searchdatamanagement/definition/NoSQL-Not-Only-SQL (What is NoSQL and How do NoSQL databases work)</u>
- 4. https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained (What is NoSQL)
- 5. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20-cs92/preview (preview of Bigdata course contains NoSQL)</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Real world problem solving using group discussion.

	PROGRAMMIN	G IN PYTHON	
Course Code	21CS751	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03			
	ple Python progra ify Python object ty functions and pass ructures lists, tu eral Instructions) teachers can use to eed not to be only a	ms ypes. s arguments in Python. ples, dictionaries.	ent of the various course hod, but alternative
 Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based design thinking skills se information rather that Introduce Topics in mation rather that Show the different way encourage the student Discuss how every control 	ve (Group Learning (Higher order Thin Learning (PBL), wh such as the ability t n simply recall it. anifold representat ys to solve the sam s to come up with t cept can be applied	e problem with different their own creative ways d to the real world - and	class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
helps improve the stud	lents' understandi	ng.	
	Modu	le-1	
INTRODUCTION DATA, EXPRESSI Introduction: Creativity and moti compiler, Running Python, The Fir expressions, statements, Operators Textbook 1: Chapter 1.1,1.2,1.3,1 Textbook 2: Chapter 1	vation, understand st Program; Data and operands. .6, Chapter 2.1-2.	ding programming, Ter types: Int, float, Boolea 6	
Teaching-Learning Process		, Active Learning	
CONTROL FLOW, LOOPS: Conditionals: Boolean values and op elif-else); Iteration: while, for, breal Textbook 1: Chapter 3.1-3.6, chap	k, continue, pass st	al (if), alternative (if-els	e), chained conditional (if-
Teaching-Learning Process		, Active Learning, Demo	nstration
reacting hear might occos	Modu		
FUNCTIONS AND STRINGS: Functions: Function calls, adding ne Strings: strings, length of string, stri methods;	ew functions, defini	ition and uses, local and	

Module-4 LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES:08 Hours Lists:List operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters, list comprehension; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value, tuple comprehension; Dictionaries: operations and methods, comprehension; Teaching-Learning Process Chalk& board, Active Learning Regular expressions:Character matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regrespressions, Escape character Files and exception: Text files, reading and writing files, command line arguments, errors andexception handling exceptions, modules. Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,11.4 Textbook 2: Chapter 14 Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, MOOC Suggested Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: C0 1. Understand Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions. C0 3. Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries. C0 4. Read and trie data from/to files in Python Programs Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) Its 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shal deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subje course if the student secures not less than 33% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester end examinatio taken together <th>Teaching-Learning Process</th> <th>Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration</th>	Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Lists List operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters, list comprehension; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value, tuple comprehension; Dictionaries: operations and methods, comprehension; Textbook 2: Chapter 10,11,12 Teaching-Learning Process Chalk& board, Active Learning Module-5 REGULAR EXPRESSIONS,FILES AND EXCEPTION: Regular expressions:Character matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regressions, Escape character Files and exception: Text files, reading and writing files, command line arguments, errors andexception handling exceptions, modules. Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,11.4 Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, MOOC Suggested Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Understand Python syntax and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and functions. CO 3. Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries. CO 4. Read and write data from/to files in Python Programs Assessment Details (Doth CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 57 The minimum gang mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shal deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subje course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together Continuous Internal Evaluation: Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) 1. First test at the end of 5 th week of the semester 3. Second test at the end of 5 th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the		
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6. At the end of the 13 th week of the semester		my one of three suitably planned to attain the COS and POS for 20 Mark
	-	al of the competen
i ne sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be scaled down to 50 marks (to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	and will be scaled down to 50 m	arks

	s of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	thods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
-	he outcome defined for the course.
	er End Examination:
-	SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
	for the subject (duration 03 hours)
1.	The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall
	be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
2.	There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
	maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
m 1 ·	
	dents have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Textbo	
1.	Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition,
	CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN_us/pythonlearn.pdf
2	Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition, Green Tea
2.	Press, 2015. (Chapters 15, 16, 17)
	http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf
REFER	ENCE BOOKS:
1.	R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech
2.	Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
3.	Python Programming , Reema theraja, OXFORD publication
Weblin	ks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	https://www.w3resource.com/python/python-tutorial.php
2.	https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/
3.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c235EsGFcZs
4.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v4e6oMRS2QA
5.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uh2ebFW80YM
6.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oSPMmeaiQ68
7.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= uQrJ0TkZlc
8.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K8L6KVGG-70
	- Describer (Concernents d'Activities in Clears) / Duration Describer a

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language

		INTRODUCTION	TO AI AND ML	
Course Code		21CS752	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	urs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy40Total Marks100		100		
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO1. Und sol ¹ CLO2. Exp CLO3. Und	ving	ine Learning & Ma f Artificial Neural 1	chine Learning process,	principles of AI for problem , understanding data
-		-	o accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only a	a traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
			ted to attain the outcom	
	-	•	oning of various concept	
	Encourage collaborative	-		
	-		iking) questions in the c	lass which promotos
	critical thinking.		iking) questions in the c	liass, which promotes
	-	opening (DRI) wh	nich fosters students' An	alutical skills, dovelop
	-	• • •		-
		-	o design, evaluate, gener	ralize, and analyze
	information rather than			
	Introduce Topics in mai	-		
			e problem with different	
	-	-	heir own creative ways	
	•			when that's possible, it
	helps improve the stude		-	
		Modu		
Intelligent Ag		ronments, Good B	-	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of
	Chapter: 1 and 2			
	Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process		d, Active Learning, Prob	lem based learning
	-	Chalk and boar		lem based learning
Teaching-Le Problem so	earning Process lving by searching: P	Modu roblem solving a	le-2 gents, Example probler	lem based learning ns, Searching for solutions,
Teaching-Le Problem so	earning Process	Modu roblem solving a	le-2 gents, Example probler	
Teaching-Le Problem so	earning Process lving by searching: P earch strategies, Inform	Modu roblem solving a	le-2 gents, Example probler	
Teaching-Le Problem so Uniformed se Textbook 1:	earning Process lving by searching: P earch strategies, Inform	Modu roblem solving a ed search strategi	le-2 gents, Example probler	ns, Searching for solutions,
Teaching-Le Problem so Uniformed se Textbook 1:	earning Process lving by searching: Prearch strategies, Information Chapter: 3	Modu roblem solving a ed search strategi	le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions d, Active Learning, Dem	ns, Searching for solutions,
Teaching-Lee Problem sol Uniformed se Textbook 1: Teaching-Lee Introduction Machine Leas	earning Process lving by searching: Prearch strategies, Inform Chapter: 3 earning Process n to machine learnin	Modu roblem solving ag ed search strategi Chalk and boar Modu g: Need for Mac er fields, Types of	le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions d, Active Learning, Dem le-3 chine Learning, Machin Machine Learning. Chal	ns, Searching for solutions, onstration e Learning Explained, and
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Teaching-Lee Problem sol Uniformed se Textbook 1: Teaching-Lee Introduction Machine Lean Machine Lean Understand analytics fran	earning Process lving by searching: P earch strategies, Inform Chapter: 3 earning Process n to machine learnin rning in relation to othe rning process, Machine ing Data: What is data mework, Descriptive sta	Modu roblem solving ag ed search strategi Chalk and boar Modu eg: Need for Mac er fields, Types of Learning applicati a, types of data, I tistics, univariate	le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions d, Active Learning, Dem le-3 chine Learning, Machin Machine Learning. Chal ions. Big data analytics and	ns, Searching for solutions, onstration e Learning Explained, and lenges of Machine Learning, types of analytics, Big data
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Understanding Data

Bivariate and Multivariate data, Multivariate statistics, Essential mathematics for Multivariate data, Overview hypothesis, Feature engineering and dimensionality reduction techniques,

Basics of Learning Theory: Introduction to learning and its types, Introduction computation learning theory, Design of learning system, Introduction concept learning.

Similarity-based learning: Introduction to Similarity or instance based learning, Nearest-neighbour learning, weighted k-Nearest - Neighbour algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter: 2.6 to 2.10, 3.1 to 3.4, 4.1 to 4.3

Teaching-Learning Process Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5	

Artificial Neural Network: Introduction, Biological neurons, Artificial neurons, Perceptron and learning theory, types of Artificial neural Network, learning in multilayer Perceptron, Radial basis function neural network, self-organizing feature map,

Textbook 2: Chapter: 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design intelligent agents for solving simple gaming problems.
- CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and
 - Challenges of machine learning
- CO 3. Understand data and applying machine learning algorithms to predict the outputs.

CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009, ISBN-10: 0070087709

2. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, 1980, ISBN: 978-3-540-11340-9.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://stpk.cs.rtu.lv/sites/all/files/stpk/materiali/MI/Artificial%20Intelligence %20A%20Modern%20Approach.pdf.

- 1. <u>http://www.getfreeebooks.com/16-sites-with-free-artificial-intelligence-e</u> <u>books/https://www.tutorialspoint.com/artificial_intelligence/artificial_intelligence_overview.ht</u> <u>m</u>
- 2. <u>Problem solving agent:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTPmo-KsOis.</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X_Qt0U66aH0&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSH_cH</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 6. <u>https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/</u>
- 9. https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to AI and ML.

Course Code]	NTRODUCTION	TO BIG DATA	
uourse uou		21CS753	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
-	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	0.05	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives		·	
CLO 2	 Understand Hadoop D Explore Hadoop tools 	and manage Hadoo	p with Sqoop	
	Appraise the role of data		pplications across indu	stries
	4. Identify various Text N			
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)		
 These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it 				
	helps improve the stud		-	
		Modul		
-	ng	0	· •	HDFS user commands allel Data Flow,Map Reduce
Touth o oly 1	L'Unabler 3.5.08nr			
Textbook 1		Chalk and board	Active Learning Drobb	m based learning
	earning Process		Active Learning, Proble	em based learning
Teaching-L Essential H Apache Flur	Learning Process Hadoop Tools:Using ap me, Apache H Base	Modul	e-2	em based learning pache Sqoop, Using Apache
Teaching-L Essential H Apache Flur Textbook 1	Learning Process Hadoop Tools:Using ap me, Apache H Base L: Chapter 78hr	Modul bache Pig, Using <i>F</i>	e-2 Apache Hive, Using Ap	bache Sqoop, Using Apache
Teaching-L Essential H Apache Flur Textbook 1	Learning Process Hadoop Tools:Using ap me, Apache H Base	Modul bache Pig, Using <i>A</i> Chalk and board,	e-2 Apache Hive, Using Ap Active Learning, Demo	bache Sqoop, Using Apache
Teaching-L Essential H Apache Flur Textbook 1 Teaching-L	earning Process Hadoop Tools:Using ap me, Apache H Base L: Chapter 78hr Learning Process	Modul bache Pig, Using A Chalk and board, Modul	e-2 Apache Hive, Using Ap Active Learning, Demo e-3	oache Sqoop, Using Apache nstration
Teaching-L Essential H Apache Flur Textbook 1 Teaching-L Data War Architectury Data Minin	Learning Process Hadoop Tools:Using ap me, Apache H Base L: Chapter 78hr Learning Process Tehousing: Introductio es	Modul bache Pig, Using <i>A</i> Chalk and board, Modul n, Design Consi	e-2 Apache Hive, Using Ap Active Learning, Demo e-3 deration, DW Devel	bache Sqoop, Using Apache
Teaching-L Essential F Apache Flur Teaching-L Data War Architectur Data Minin Mining, Data	Learning Process Hadoop Tools:Using ap me, Apache H Base L: Chapter 78hr Learning Process Tehousing: Introductio es ng: Introduction, Gather a Mining Techniques	Modul bache Pig, Using <i>A</i> Chalk and board, Modul n, Design Consi	e-2 Apache Hive, Using Ap Active Learning, Demo e-3 deration, DW Devel	pache Sqoop, Using Apache nstration opment Approaches, DW
Teaching-L Essential H Apache Flur Teaching-L Data War Architectur Data Minin Mining, Data Textbook 2	Learning Process Hadoop Tools:Using ap me, Apache H Base L: Chapter 78hr Learning Process Tehousing: Introductio es ng: Introduction, Gather	Modul bache Pig, Using <i>A</i> Chalk and board, Modul n, Design Consi	e-2 Apache Hive, Using Ap Active Learning, Demo e-3 deration, DW Devel	pache Sqoop, Using Apache nstration opment Approaches, DW oreparation, outputs ofData

Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree Problem, Decision Tree Constructions, Lessons from Construction Trees. Decision Tree Algorithm

Regressions: Introduction, Correlations and Relationships, Non-Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Advantages and disadvantages.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6,7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5		

Text Mining: Introduction, Text Mining Applications, Text Mining Process, Term Document Matrix, Mining the TDM, Comparison, Best Practices

Web Mining: Introduction, Web Content Mining, Web Structured Mining, Web Usage Mining, Web Mining Algorithms.

Textbook 2: Chapter 11,14

-	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Suggested Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- CO 1. Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework.
- CO 2. Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
- CO 3. Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- CO 4. Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Douglas Eadline,"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big DataComputing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1stEdition, Pearson Education,2016.
- 2. Anil Maheshwari, "Data Analytics", 1stEdition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189/</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNP44rZYiAU
- 3. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=gr_awo5vz0g</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rr17cbPGWGA</u>
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4NYQox4n2g
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=owI7zxCqNY0</u>
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of Big Data related projects

Exploring the applications which involves big data.

INTI	RODUCTION T	O DATA SCIENCE			
Course Code	21CS754	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. To provide a foundation	in data Science	terminologies			
CLO 2. To familiarize data scier		-			
CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data	-	-			
CLO 4. To analyze the data scie	nce applicability	in real time applications	5.		
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera					
These are sample Strategies, which te	achara can uca t	o accolorato the attainme	ont of the various course		
	achers can use u		ent of the various course		
outcomes.					
1. Lecturer method (L) nee					
effective teaching metho	-				
2. Use of Video/Animation	-	•	S.		
3. Encourage collaborative					
 Ask at least three HOT (F critical thinking. 	ligher order Thi	nking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes		
0	oming (DDI) wi	high factors students' An	alutical divilla dovralan		
5. Adopt Problem Based Le			• •		
design thinking skills suc	-	o design, evaluate, gener	alize, and analyze		
information rather than s					
6. Introduce Topics in mani	-				
7. Show the different ways	7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and				
encourage the students t	o come up with t	their own creative ways	to solve them.		
8. Discuss how every conce	pt can be applie	d to the real world - and	when that's possible, it		
helps improve the studer	nts' understandi	ng.			
	Modu	lle-1			
PREPARING AND GATHERING DATA					
Philosophies of data science - Data sc					
data - facts of data: Structured data, U					
Image and video streaming data -					
Programming framework, Data Integr					
Scheduling tools, Benchmarking Tools	s, System Deploy	ment, Service programm	ling and Security.		
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.4					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and boar	rd, Active Learning, PPT	Based presentation		
	Modu	le-2			
THE DATA SCIENCE PROCESS-Ove					
creating project charter, retrieving d					
analysis, Build the models, presenting	findings and bu	ilding application on top	of them.		
Textbook 1:,Ch 2					
Teaching-Learning Process		rd, Active Learning, PPT	Based presentation		
	Modu				
MACHINE LEARNING: Application fo					
Modeling Process – Training model – '					
learning Algorithm : Supervised learn	ing algorithms, l	Jnsupervised learning al	gorithms.		
Textbook 1: Ch 3.1 to 3.3					

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video			
	Module-4			
VISUALIZATION-Introduction to data visualization – Data visualization options – Filters – MapReduce –				
Dashboard development tools.				
Touthook 1. Ch 0				
Textbook 1: Ch 9				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, MOOC			
5 5	Module-5			
CASE STUDIES Distributing data stora	age and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk			
when lending money.				
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video			
Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the student w				
CO 1. Describe the data science term				
CO 2. Apply the Data Science procest CO 3. Analyze data visualization too				
CO 4. Apply Data storage and proce				
Assessment Details (both CIE and S				
The weightage of Continuous Internal	Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
	CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
	nic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/			
	s than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal			
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End E				
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	, .			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (d	uration 01 hour)			
1. First test at the end of 5 th wee	-			
2. Second test at the end of the				
3. Third test at the end of the 15				
Two assignments each of 10 Marks				
4. First assignment at the end of	^{4th} week of the semester			
5. Second assignment at the end				
_	one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks			
(duration 01 hours)				
6. At the end of the 13 th week of	the semester			
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 marks				
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
	TE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).			
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy				
as per the outcome defined for the course.				
Semester End Examination:				
	niversity as per the scheduled timetable, with common question			
papers for the subject (duration 03 h				
1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall				
be proportionally reduced to				
	m each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a			
_), should have a mix of topics under that module.			
	estions, selecting one full question from each module			

Textbooks

1. Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali, Manning Publications, 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from the Frontline, Cathy O'Neil, Rachel Schutt, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2013.
- 2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2014
- 3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
- 4. Think Like a Data Scientist, Brian Godsey, Manning Publications, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-science-tutorial/what-is-data-science</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6BghzuFLIg</u>
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/what-is-datascience/fundamentals-of-data-science-tPgFU
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua-CiDNNj30</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using Data science techniques and demonstration of data visualization methods with the help of suitable project.